

**SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL
CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022**

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
1. Cover Page	1
2. Table of Contents	2 ~ 3
3. Independent Auditors' Review Report	4 ~ 5
4. Consolidated Balance Sheets	6 ~ 7
5. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	8 ~ 9
6. Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	10
7. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	11 ~ 12
8. Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	13 ~ 81
(1) HISTORY AND ORGANISATION	13
(2) THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION	13
(3) APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS	13 ~ 14
(4) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	14 ~ 29
(5) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND	29 ~ 30

Contents	Page
KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY	
(6) DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS	30 ~ 59
(7) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	60 ~ 63
(8) PLEDGED ASSETS	63
(9) SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS	63 ~ 64
(10) SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS	64
(11) SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE	64
(12) OTHERS	64 ~ 79
(13) SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES	79 ~ 80
(14) SEGMENT INFORMATION	80 ~ 81

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR23000033

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Synnex Technology International Corporation

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Synnex Technology International Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for qualified conclusion

As explained in Notes 4(3) and 6(9), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for under the equity method, as well as the amounts included in respect of these subsidiaries and investees and the information disclosed in Note 13, were not reviewed by independent auditors. Total assets of these subsidiaries and the balances of these investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$29,490,272 thousand and NT\$34,481,098 thousand, constituting 14% and 17% of the consolidated total assets as at March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Total liabilities amounted to NT\$7,038,635 thousand and NT\$7,091,411 thousand, constituting 5% and 5% of the consolidated total liabilities as at March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Net income amounted to NT\$482,660 thousand and NT\$949,193 thousand, constituting 26% and 35% of the net income and the balances of recognised investment profit or loss which is adopting equity method for the three months then ended, respectively, and the comprehensive income and the balances of recognised investment profit or loss and other comprehensive income which is adopting equity method amounted to NT\$481,934 thousand and NT\$936,062 thousand, constituting 57% and 17% of the consolidated comprehensive income for the three months then ended, respectively.

Qualified conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for under the equity method as well as the information disclosed in Note 13 been reviewed by independent auditors as described in the *Basis for qualified conclusion* section above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Huang, Shih-Chun

Liang Yi Chang

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

May 8, 2023

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors’ review report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
MARCH 31, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND MARCH 31, 2022
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(The balance sheets as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 are reviewed, not audited)

Assets			March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022	
			AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
Current assets								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 21,062,900	10	\$ 14,482,285	7	\$ 9,532,138	5
1110	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(2) and 12(3)	223,135	-	181,682	-	2,065,213	1
1120	Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3) and 12(3)	24,540,160	12	25,768,699	12	11,423,519	6
1136	Current financial assets at amortised cost	6(4) and 8	60,250	-	6,684	-	143,375	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5)	6,470,609	3	6,842,112	3	5,948,637	3
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5), 8 and 12(2)	62,836,685	31	71,827,487	32	67,000,755	34
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties, net	6(5) and 7(2)	1,337,354	1	499,491	-	435,903	-
1200	Other receivables	6(7) and 7(2)	8,013,707	4	7,234,780	3	7,135,053	4
1220	Current income tax assets		95,749	-	111,526	-	113,607	-
130X	Inventories	6(8) and 8	45,565,051	22	57,299,453	26	51,330,687	26
1410	Prepayments		3,857,410	2	6,313,650	3	5,100,697	2
11XX	Total current assets		174,063,010	85	190,567,849	86	160,229,584	81
Non-current assets								
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3) and 12(3)	6,018,172	3	5,683,237	3	6,787,009	3
1535	Non-current financial assets at amortised cost	6(4) and 8	805,458	-	866,178	-	1,472,335	1
1550	Investments accounted for under equity method	6(9)	9,348,091	4	8,964,673	4	13,770,347	7
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(10)	9,775,032	5	9,757,191	4	9,908,752	5
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(11)	1,284,372	1	1,195,314	1	1,086,423	1
1760	Investment property, net	6(13)	985,427	-	987,460	-	1,034,674	1
1780	Intangible assets	6(14)	662,270	-	665,725	-	648,633	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets		1,230,989	1	1,241,023	1	980,018	-
1900	Other non-current assets	6(5)(12)(15)	1,665,805	1	1,717,668	1	1,650,209	1
15XX	Total non-current assets		31,775,616	15	31,078,469	14	37,338,400	19
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 205,838,626	100	\$ 221,646,318	100	\$ 197,567,984	100

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
MARCH 31, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND MARCH 31, 2022
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(The balance sheets as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 are reviewed, not audited)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022	
			AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(16)	\$ 60,577,113	30	\$ 73,314,084	33	\$ 54,059,294	27
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(17)	7,180,000	4	4,860,000	2	10,330,000	5
2120	Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6(2) and 12(3)	27	-	4,484	-	1,388	-
2150	Notes payable		848,339	-	1,239,838	1	962,343	-
2170	Accounts payable	7(2)	28,436,479	14	30,623,774	14	40,531,613	21
2200	Other payables	6(18) and 7(2)	13,191,691	6	7,607,914	3	14,977,033	8
2230	Current income tax liabilities		658,036	-	1,202,706	1	1,461,808	1
2280	Current lease liabilities		247,070	-	285,994	-	222,707	-
2300	Other current liabilities	6(19)	4,151,797	2	4,231,772	2	5,464,786	3
21XX	Total current liabilities		<u>115,290,552</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>123,370,566</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>128,010,972</u>	<u>65</u>
	Non-current liabilities							
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(20)	13,020,000	7	15,900,000	7	1,500,000	1
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities		6,795,552	3	6,762,571	3	4,213,193	2
2580	Non-current lease liabilities		392,684	-	268,227	-	178,553	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities		393,256	-	413,920	-	572,210	-
25XX	Total non-current liabilities		<u>20,601,492</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>23,344,718</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>6,463,956</u>	<u>3</u>
2XXX	Total liabilities		<u>135,892,044</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>146,715,284</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>134,474,928</u>	<u>68</u>
	Equity attributable to owners of parent							
	Share capital	6(22)						
3110	Share capital - ordinary share		16,679,470	8	16,679,470	7	16,679,470	8
	Capital surplus	6(23)						
3200	Capital surplus		13,508,726	7	13,505,904	6	14,281,446	7
	Retained earnings	6(24)						
3310	Legal reserve		11,368,673	6	11,368,673	5	9,673,477	5
3320	Special reserve		8,247,113	4	8,247,113	4	6,336,545	3
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		24,694,202	12	28,800,686	13	19,173,695	10
	Other equity interest	6(25)						
3400	Other equity interest		(7,096,058)	(4)	(6,038,409)	(2)	(5,541,985)	(2)
31XX	Total equity attributable to owners of parent		<u>67,402,126</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>72,563,437</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>60,602,648</u>	<u>31</u>
36XX	Non-controlling interest		<u>2,544,456</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2,367,597</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2,490,408</u>	<u>1</u>
3XXX	Total equity		<u>69,946,582</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>74,931,034</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>63,093,056</u>	<u>32</u>
	Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments	9						
	Significant events after the balance sheet date	11						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		<u>\$ 205,838,626</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 221,646,318</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 197,567,984</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

Items		Notes	Three months ended March 31			
			2023		2022	
			AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(26) and 7(2)	\$ 88,599,839	100	\$ 100,865,185	100
5000	Operating costs	6(8) and 7(2)	(84,323,121)	(95)	(96,581,955)	(96)
5950	Net operating margin		4,276,718	5	4,283,230	4
	Operating expenses	6(31)(32)				
6100	Selling expenses		(1,777,588)	(2)	(1,637,128)	(2)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(343,393)	(1)	(386,130)	-
6450	Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss)	12(2)				
	determined in accordance with IFRS 9		(90,264)	-	34,964	-
6000	Total operating expenses		(2,211,245)	(3)	(1,988,294)	(2)
6900	Operating profit		2,065,473	2	2,294,936	2
	Non-operating income and expenses					
7100	Interest income	6(27)	110,807	-	52,509	-
7010	Other income	6(28)	378,012	1	273,833	-
7020	Other gains and losses	6(29)	109,683	-	116,909	-
7050	Finance costs	6(30)	(618,221)	(1)	(165,417)	-
7060	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(9)	349,907	1	670,631	1
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		330,188	1	948,465	1
7900	Profit before income tax		2,395,661	3	3,243,401	3
7950	Income tax expense	6(33)	(559,574)	(1)	(545,318)	(1)
8200	Profit for the period		\$ 1,836,087	2	\$ 2,698,083	2

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT FOR EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

Items	Notes	Three months ended March 31			
		2023		2022	
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
Other comprehensive income					
Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
8316 Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		(\$ 669,275)	(1)	(\$ 1,019,775)	(1)
8320 Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6(9)(25)	(726)	-	(15,589)	-
8310 Components of other comprehensive loss that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(670,001)	(1)	(1,035,364)	(1)
Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss					
8361 Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	6(25)	(315,546)	-	3,817,831	4
8370 Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	6(9)(25)	-	-	2,459	-
8360 Components of other comprehensive (loss) income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(315,546)	-	3,820,290	4
8300 Total other comprehensive (loss) income		(\$ 985,547)	(1)	\$ 2,784,926	3
8500 Total comprehensive income for the period		\$ 850,540	1	\$ 5,483,009	5
Profit, attributable to:					
8610 Owners of parent		\$ 1,731,330	2	\$ 2,544,958	2
8620 Non-controlling interest		104,757	-	153,125	-
Profit for the period		\$ 1,836,087	2	\$ 2,698,083	2
Comprehensive income attributable to:					
8710 Owners of parent		\$ 673,681	1	\$ 5,250,085	5
8720 Non-controlling interest		176,859	-	232,924	-
Comprehensive income for the period		\$ 850,540	1	\$ 5,483,009	5
Earnings per share					
9750 Basic earnings per share	6(34)	\$ 1.04		\$ 1.53	
9850 Diluted earnings per share	6(34)	\$ 1.04		\$ 1.53	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent										
		Retained Earnings					Other equity interest					
								Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income				
		Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations		Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
<u>Three months ended March 31, 2022</u>												
Balance at January 1, 2022			\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,199,960	\$ 9,673,477	\$ 6,336,545	\$ 24,968,224	(\$ 10,641,478)	\$ 2,394,366	\$ 63,610,564	\$ 2,280,513	\$ 65,891,077
Profit			-	-	-	-	2,544,958	-	-	2,544,958	153,125	2,698,083
Other comprehensive income (loss)		6(25)	-	-	-	-	-	3,740,371	(1,035,244)	2,705,127	79,799	2,784,926
Total comprehensive income (loss)			-	-	-	-	2,544,958	3,740,371	(1,035,244)	5,250,085	232,924	5,483,009
Appropriations of 2021 earnings		6(24)										
Cash dividends			-	-	-	-	(8,339,735)	-	-	(8,339,735)	-	(8,339,735)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		6(23)	-	78,807	-	-	248	-	-	79,055	-	79,055
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired		6(35)	-	2,085	-	-	-	-	-	2,085	(23,029)	(20,944)
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends		6(23)	-	594	-	-	-	-	-	594	-	594
Balance at March 31, 2022			\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,281,446	\$ 9,673,477	\$ 6,336,545	\$ 19,173,695	(\$ 6,901,107)	\$ 1,359,122	\$ 60,602,648	\$ 2,490,408	\$ 63,093,056
<u>Three months ended March 31, 2023</u>												
Balance at January 1, 2023			\$ 16,679,470	\$ 13,505,904	\$ 11,368,673	\$ 8,247,113	\$ 28,800,686	(\$ 5,467,061)	(\$ 571,348)	\$ 72,563,437	\$ 2,367,597	\$ 74,931,034
Profit			-	-	-	-	1,731,330	-	-	1,731,330	104,757	1,836,087
Other comprehensive income (loss)		6(25)	-	-	-	-	-	(387,648)	(670,001)	(1,057,649)	72,102	(985,547)
Total comprehensive income (loss)			-	-	-	-	1,731,330	(387,648)	(670,001)	673,681	176,859	850,540
Appropriations of 2022 earnings		6(24)										
Cash dividends			-	-	-	-	(5,837,814)	-	-	(5,837,814)	-	(5,837,814)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		6(23)	-	2,608	-	-	-	-	-	2,608	-	2,608
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends		6(23)	-	214	-	-	-	-	-	214	-	214
Balance at March 31, 2023			\$ 16,679,470	\$ 13,508,726	\$ 11,368,673	\$ 8,247,113	\$ 24,694,202	(\$ 5,854,709)	(\$ 1,241,349)	\$ 67,402,126	\$ 2,544,456	\$ 69,946,582

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Three months ended March 31	
	Notes	2023	2022
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Profit before tax		\$ 2,395,661	\$ 3,243,401
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	6(31)	75,055	74,829
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	6(31)	67,478	62,973
Depreciation charges on investment property	6(31)	8,421	9,088
Amortization charges on intangible assets	6(31)	12,051	10,284
Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9	12(2)	90,264	(34,964)
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(29)	37,580	(15,375)
Loss on decline in market value and obsolete and slow-moving inventories	6(8)	147,207	149,332
Interest expense	6(30)	618,221	165,417
Interest income	6(27)	(110,807)	(52,509)
Dividend income	6(28)	(141,722)	(64,946)
Share of profit of associates accounted for under equity method	6(9)	(349,907)	(670,631)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment property	6(29)	(1,373)	(866)
Gain on lease modification	6(11)	(455)	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Notes and accounts receivable		8,548,452	12,225,805
Other receivables	(	729,265)	(803,576)
Inventories		11,587,195	(3,766,747)
Prepayments		2,428,678	(171,976)
Long-term notes and overdue receivables	(	71,332)	(114,183)
Long-term lease receivables	(	10,080)	15,491
Changes in operating liabilities			
Notes and accounts payable	(	2,578,794)	(8,598,667)
Other payables	(	253,823)	(566,380)
Other current liabilities	(	79,975)	682,824
Other non-current liabilities		-	26,861
Cash inflow generated from operations		21,688,730	1,805,485
Dividends received from investments accounted for under equity method		-	25,224
Interest paid	(	618,221)	(165,417)
Interest received		110,807	52,509
Dividends received		92,060	41,703
Income taxes paid	(	1,045,451)	(331,576)
Net cash flows from operating activities		20,227,925	1,427,928

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

	Notes	Three months ended March 31	
		2023	2022
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		\$ -	\$ 292,167
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(10)	(101,424)	(115,910)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		2,085	5,291
Acquisition of investment property	6(13)	(598)	(1,704)
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(14)	(625)	(5,218)
Increase in time deposits maturing within three months to a year		(60,705)	(143,375)
Decrease in time deposits maturing within three months to a year		1,505	-
Increase in restricted time deposits		(69)	(33,704)
Decrease in restricted time deposits		66,423	876
Increase in refundable deposits		(7,475)	(197)
Decrease in refundable deposits		4,962	2,736
Increase in other non-current assets		(2,636)	(8,486)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(98,557)	(7,524)
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	6(36)	(12,736,971)	732,587
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes and bills payable	6(36)	2,320,000	(2,160,000)
Decrease in long-term borrowings	6(36)	(2,880,000)	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6(36)	34,553	57,470
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6(36)	(28,027)	(50,020)
Payments of lease liabilities	6(36)	(66,619)	(63,325)
Acquisition of additional shares in subsidiary	6(35)	-	(20,944)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(13,357,064)	(1,504,232)
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates		(191,689)	2,563,008
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		6,580,615	2,479,180
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		14,482,285	7,052,958
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$ 21,062,900	\$ 9,532,138

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS,
EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

Synnex Technology International Corporation (the “Company”) was incorporated in 1988 under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the “Group”) are primarily engaged in:

- A. Assembly and sale of computers and computer peripherals;
- B. Sale of communication products;
- C. Sale of consumer electronic products;
- D. Sale of semiconductor products;
- E. Warehouse and logistics services; and
- F. Maintenance and technical services for the products mentioned above.

The Company’s shares have been traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since December 1995.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on May 8, 2023.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IAS 1, ‘Disclosure of accounting policies’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, ‘Definition of accounting estimates’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, ‘Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction’	January 1, 2023

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group’s consolidated financial condition and consolidated financial performance based on the Group’s assessment.

Amendments to IAS 12, ‘Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction’
The amendments require an entity to recognise deferred tax on particular transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Upon adoption, the Group expects to recognise a deferred tax asset and liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with right-of-use assets and lease liabilities retrospectively

as of January 1, 2022. These amendments resulted to an increase in deferred tax assets by \$138,939, \$116,200, \$118,770 and \$150,001 and deferred tax liabilities by \$138,939, \$116,200, \$118,770 and \$150,001 as of March 31, 2023, January 1, 2022, March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

- (2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group
None.

- (3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 — comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's consolidated financial condition and consolidated financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

- (1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.

- (2) Basis of preparation

A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under

the historical cost convention:

- (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the “IFRSs”) requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group’s consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (d) Changes in a parent’s ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business Activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Sales of 3C products	100	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	E-Fan Investments CO., LTD.	Investment holding	100	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Technology Services Corporation	Maintenance and technical services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	100	-
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Sales of semiconductor products	100	100	-	Note 2
Synnex Technology International Corporation	PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	50	50	-	Note 3
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	100	100	-	Note 4
Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics (HK) Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	-	Note 5
E-Fan Investments CO., LTD.	Leveltech Ltd.	Sales of semiconductor products	100	100	-	Note 6
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Bizwave Tech Co., Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Peer Developments Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Mauritius Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	100	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	100	-

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business Activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Electronics Hong Kong Ltd.	Sales of semiconductor products	-	-	100	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Sales of semiconductor products	-	-	100	Note 2
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Fortune Ideal Ltd.	Real estate investments	100	100	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Real estate investments	100	100	100	-
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	-	-	50	Note 3
Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and subsidiaries	Sales of 3C products	-	-	100	Note 4
Peer Developments Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Sales of semiconductor products	100	100	100	-
Peer Developments Ltd.	Synergy Intelligent Logistics (HK) Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	-		100	Note 5
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Investment holding	100	100	100	-
Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Leveltech Ltd.	Sales of semiconductor products	-	-	100	Note 6
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Sales of semiconductor products and warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business Activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Qingdao) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Guangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xi'an) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Suzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Wuhan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Changsha) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Zhengzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	-	-	97.96	Note 7
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology Development Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	100	100	100	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	100	100	100	-

The table below listed the abovementioned subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 that had been reviewed by the Company's auditors. Other subsidiaries were not reviewed. The subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2022 had been audited by the Company's auditors and other auditors.

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Significant consolidated subsidiaries	Synnex Global Ltd. Syntech Asia Ltd. King's Eye Investments Ltd. Peer Developments Ltd. Synnex China Holdings Ltd. Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Global Ltd. Syntech Asia Ltd. King's Eye Investments Ltd. Peer Developments Ltd. Synnex China Holdings Ltd. Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.
Insignificant consolidated subsidiaries	Seper Technology Corporation E-Fan Investments CO., LTD. Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation Bestcom Infotech Corp. Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and subsidiaries Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd. Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd. Synnex Technology Development Ltd.	Seper Technology Corporation E-Fan Investments CO., LTD. Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation Bestcom Infotech Corp. Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and subsidiaries Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd. Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd. Synnex Technology Development Ltd.

Note 1: The Company's subsidiary, Synnex Electronics Hong Kong Ltd., was dissolved as resolved by the Board of Directors on July 4, 2022, and its registration was cancelled on October 7, 2022.

Note 2: The Group's investment was restructured, and Syntech Asia Ltd. was changed to be directly held by the Company on November 30, 2022

Note 3: The Group's investment was restructured, and PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia and its subsidiaries were changed to be directly held by the Company on November 23, 2022.

Note 4: The Group's investment was restructured, and Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries were changed to be directly held by the Company on November 30, 2022.

Note 5: The Group's investment was restructured, and Synergy Intelligent Logistics (HK) Corporation was changed to be directly held by the Company's subsidiary, Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation, on November 30, 2022.

Note 6: The Group's investment was restructured, and Leveltech Ltd. was changed to be directly held by the Company's subsidiary, E-Fan Investments CO., LTD., on November 30, 2022.

Note 7: The Company's subsidiary, Yude (Shanghai) Warehouse Co., Ltd. was dissolved as resolved by the Board of Directors on August 26, 2022, and its registration was cancelled on December 29, 2022.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.

E. Significant restrictions: None.

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The Company's functional currency is NTD and the subsidiaries' functional currencies are NTD, RMB, USD, HKD, AUD, NZD and IDR. The consolidated financial statements are presented in NTD, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:

- (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
- (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet

date.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
- (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investments. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.

- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost and lease receivables, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(13) Leasing arrangements (lessor) – lease receivables/operating leases

- A. Based on the terms of a lease contract, a lease is classified as a finance lease if the lessee assumes substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset.
 - (a) At commencement of the lease term, the lessor should record a finance lease in the balance sheet as 'lease receivables' at an amount equal to the gross investment in the lease (including initial direct costs). The difference between gross lease receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as 'unearned finance income of finance lease'.
 - (b) The lessor should allocate finance income over the lease term based on a systematic and rational basis reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the finance lease.
 - (c) Lease payments (excluding costs for services) during the lease term are applied against the gross investment in the lease to reduce both the principal and the unearned finance income.
- B. Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. Cost of inventory purchases includes purchasing price, import taxes and all the related costs involved in the process of obtaining inventory. Discounts, allowances and etc.

shall be deducted from the cost of inventory purchases. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(15) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes of its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- H. When the Group disposes of its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

(16) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	20 - 50 years
Utilities equipment	7 - 15 years
Computer equipment	3 - 7 years
Transportation equipment	10 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Tools	5 - 20 years
Leasehold improvements	3 years

(17) Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; and
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an

adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

- D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease and recognise the difference from remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(18) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives of investment property are as follows:

Buildings and structures	20 - 50 years
--------------------------	---------------

Utilities equipment	7 - 15 years
---------------------	--------------

(19) Intangible assets

A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 to 7 years.

B. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

(20) Impairment of non-financial assets

A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

B. The recoverable amount of goodwill is evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.

C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(21) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(22) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(23) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorised as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(24) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(25) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(26) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

(27) Provisions

Provisions (mainly warranty provisions) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(28) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or as it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the subsequently resolved distributed amounts and the estimated amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(29) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated

balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

(30) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(31) Dividends

Cash dividends were recorded as liabilities in the Company's financial statements after the special resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with Article 240 of Company Act and Articles of Incorporation. Stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed when they are resolved by the Company's shareholders and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(32) Revenue recognition

A. Sales of goods

- (a) The Group sells information, communication, semiconductor and consumer electronic products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated sales return, volume discounts, sales discounts and allowances. The estimated volume discounts, sales discounts and allowances given to customers are based on the expected purchase volume and accumulated experience. A refund liability is recognised for

expected sales return, volume discounts, sales discounts and allowances payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. Revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date.

- (c) The sales are usually made with a credit term of advance sales receipts, 7 to 120 days after the receipt of shipment and 1 day to 150 days after monthly billings. For those contracts which the Group entered into with customers, as the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
 - (d) The Group's obligation to provide a refund for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
 - (e) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.
- B. Service revenue
- The Group provides services of inventory management, installation and maintenance services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

(33) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(34) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Revenue recognition on a net/gross basis

The Group determines whether the nature of its performance obligation is to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for the other party to provide those goods or services (i.e. the Group is an agent) based on the transaction model and its economic substance. The Group is a principal if it controls a promised good or service before it transfers the good or service to a customer. The Group recognises revenue at gross amount of consideration to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services transferred. The Group is an agent if it does not control a promised good or service before the good or service is transferred to a

customer. The Group recognises revenue at the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the other party to provide its goods or services.

Indicators that the Group controls the good or service before it is provided to a customer include the following:

- A. The Group is primarily responsible for the provision of goods or services;
- B. The Group assumes the inventory risk before transferring the specified goods or services to the customer or after transferring control of the goods or services to the customer; and
- C. The Group has discretion in establishing prices for the goods or services.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable

During the assessment process of allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable, the Group has to utilize judgements and estimates to determine the recoverable amount of accounts receivable. The recoverable amount is affected by various factors such as customers' financial conditions, Group's internal credit ratings, historical transaction records, current economic conditions, and other factors that could affect customers' paying ability. If there is a concern regarding the collectability of the account, the Group shall assess the account's collectability individually and recognize appropriate allowances. Management makes critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events as of balance sheet date, which may differ from actual results. Thus, there might be material changes to the assessment.

B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such evaluation of inventories is primarily based on the demand for the products within a specific period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

C. Accrual of inventory purchase rebates

Accrual of inventory purchase rebates is estimated based on contract terms and expected achievement rate. However, contract terms for rebates could be in various types, with complicated calculations and entered into with different counterparties. Therefore, a substantial volume of purchase and sale information has to be matched with individual merchandise item manually in order to calculate rebates. Management makes critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events as of balance sheet date, which may differ from actual results. Thus, there might be material changes to the assessment.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$ 437	\$ 485	\$ 552
Checking accounts and demand deposits	18,912,836	12,053,986	9,305,290
Time deposits	2,149,627	2,427,814	226,296
	<u>\$ 21,062,900</u>	<u>\$ 14,482,285</u>	<u>\$ 9,532,138</u>

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. For information regarding cash and cash equivalents pledged as collateral and reclassified as financial assets at amortised cost, please refer to Notes 6(4) and 8.

(2) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Current items:			
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss			
Listed stocks	\$ 23,764	\$ 23,807	\$ 23,468
Private equity fund investment	27,531	-	-
Financial products	-	-	1,831,417
Non-hedging derivatives — forward exchange	-	-	206
	<u>51,295</u>	<u>23,807</u>	<u>1,855,091</u>
Valuation adjustment	<u>171,840</u>	<u>157,875</u>	<u>210,122</u>
	<u>\$ 223,135</u>	<u>\$ 181,682</u>	<u>\$ 2,065,213</u>
Financial liabilities held for trading			
Non-hedging derivatives — forward exchange	\$ <u>27</u>	\$ <u>4,484</u>	\$ <u>1,388</u>

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	<u>Three months ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
<u>Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</u>		
–Financial products	\$ -	\$ 21,757
–Equity instruments	15,538	(660)
–Derivatives	(53,118)	(5,722)
	<u>(\$ 37,580)</u>	<u>\$ 15,375</u>

B. The Group entered into contracts relating to derivative financial instruments which were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The information is listed below:

		<u>March 31, 2023</u>	
			Nominal Principal
<u>The subsidiaries</u>	<u>Items</u>	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>(in thousands)</u>
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy USD sell NZD	(\$ <u>27</u>)	USD 370

		December 31, 2022	
		Book Value	Nominal Principal (in thousands)
The subsidiaries	Items		
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy USD sell NZD	(\$ 2)	USD 90
Synnex Global Limited	Forward exchange - buy USD sell RMB	(4,482)	AUD 279,908
		(\$ 4,484)	
		March 31, 2022	
		Book Value	Nominal Principal (in thousands)
The subsidiaries	Items		
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy USD sell NZD	(\$ 1,384)	USD 2,650
Synnex New Zealand	Forward exchange - buy AUD sell NZD	(4)	AUD 1,130
PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia	Forward exchange - buy USD sell IDR	206	USD 2,860
		(\$ 1,182)	

The Group undertook forward exchange contracts to hedge risks of foreign currency assets and liabilities arising from fluctuations in exchange rates. However, these forward exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as collateral.

D. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(3).

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Current items:			
Equity instruments			
Listed stocks	\$ 29,288,061	\$ 29,537,730	\$ 14,064,398
Valuation adjustment	(4,747,901)	(3,769,031)	(2,640,879)
	<u>\$ 24,540,160</u>	<u>\$ 25,768,699</u>	<u>\$ 11,423,519</u>
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Non-current items:			
Equity instruments			
Listed stocks	\$ 835,880	\$ 835,880	\$ 835,880
Non-listed (TSE and OTC) stock	2,043,683	2,044,281	2,039,481
Valuation adjustment	3,138,609	2,803,076	3,911,648
	<u>\$ 6,018,172</u>	<u>\$ 5,683,237</u>	<u>\$ 6,787,009</u>

A. The Group has elected to classify share investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

B. Information relating to the Company's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income recognised as comprehensive (loss) income is provided in the statement of comprehensive income.

C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.

D. Information relating to fair value is provided in Note 12(3).

(4) Financial assets at amortised cost

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Current items:			
Time deposits maturing within three months to a year	\$ 60,250	\$ 1,050	\$ 143,375
Pledged time deposits	-	5,634	-
	<u>\$ 60,250</u>	<u>\$ 6,684</u>	<u>\$ 143,375</u>
Non-current items:			
Pledged time deposits	<u>\$ 805,458</u>	<u>\$ 868,178</u>	<u>\$ 1,472,335</u>

A. Information on interest income recognised from financial assets measured at amortised cost is provided in Note 6(27).

B. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.

C. The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposits are financial institutions with high credit quality, so the Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

(5) Notes, accounts and overdue receivable

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Notes receivable	\$ 6,491,042	\$ 6,862,856	\$ 5,964,285
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(20,433)	(20,744)	(15,648)
	<u>\$ 6,470,609</u>	<u>\$ 6,842,112</u>	<u>\$ 5,948,637</u>
Accounts receivable	\$ 62,883,316	\$ 71,893,768	\$ 66,948,015
Accounts receivable due from related parties	1,337,354	499,491	435,903
Lease receivables (expiring within one year)	123,300	127,349	145,606
	<u>64,343,970</u>	<u>72,520,608</u>	<u>67,529,524</u>
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(169,931)	(193,630)	(92,866)
	<u>64,174,039</u>	<u>72,326,978</u>	<u>67,436,658</u>
Overdue receivables (recorded as other non-current assets)	3,893,579	3,822,166	3,669,298
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(2,500,009)	(2,373,023)	(2,290,039)
	<u>1,393,570</u>	<u>1,449,143</u>	<u>1,379,259</u>
	<u>\$ 65,567,609</u>	<u>\$ 73,776,121</u>	<u>\$ 68,815,917</u>

Overdue receivables consist primarily of amounts due from customers under bankruptcy proceedings and are stated at their estimated net realizable value. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the Group received certain security for a portion of the amounts due.

A. The ageing analysis of notes receivable and accounts receivable (including related parties) is as follows:

	March 31, 2023			
	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivables	Total
Not past due	\$ 6,491,042	\$ 54,473,397	\$ 2,055	\$ 60,966,494
Up to 60 days past due	-	6,842,331	24,142	6,866,473
61-120 days past due	-	1,870,003	35,233	1,905,236
121-180 days past due	-	743,983	11,440	755,423
More than 181 days past due	-	414,256	3,820,709	4,234,965
	<u>\$ 6,491,042</u>	<u>\$ 64,343,970</u>	<u>\$ 3,893,579</u>	<u>\$ 74,728,591</u>
	December 31, 2022			
	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivables	Total
Not past due	\$ 6,862,856	\$ 62,258,418	\$ -	\$ 69,121,274
Up to 60 days past due	-	7,229,507	579	7,230,086
61-120 days past due	-	1,799,015	26,310	1,825,325
121-180 days past due	-	789,698	30,457	820,155
More than 181 days past due	-	443,970	3,764,820	4,208,790
	<u>\$ 6,862,856</u>	<u>\$ 72,520,608</u>	<u>\$ 3,822,166</u>	<u>\$ 83,205,630</u>
	March 31, 2022			
	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivables	Total
Not past due	\$ 5,964,285	\$ 60,571,093	\$ 644	\$ 66,536,022
Up to 60 days past due	-	5,817,746	29,957	5,847,703
61-120 days past due	-	551,454	23,603	575,057
121-180 days past due	-	269,430	6,789	276,219
More than 181 days past due	-	319,801	3,608,305	3,928,106
	<u>\$ 5,964,285</u>	<u>\$ 67,529,524</u>	<u>\$ 3,669,298</u>	<u>\$ 77,163,107</u>

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$89,215,559.
- C. Details of the Group's accounts receivable pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- D. Certain notes receivable were discounted to banks (pertaining to bankers acceptance). The Group has payment obligation when the acceptors (acceptance banks) of the notes refuse to pay the notes at maturity. However, if the credit rating of the aforesaid acceptors of the notes is high, in general, the Group does not expect that the acceptors of the notes would refuse to pay for the notes at maturity which met the derecognition criteria for financial assets. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the Group has derecognised notes receivable (pertaining to bankers acceptance) that were discounted to banks but not yet matured amounting to \$627,456, \$544,983 and \$248,360, respectively. As at March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the Group had liabilities arising from discounted notes receivable amounting to \$270,466, \$362,955 and \$0, respectively, and was recorded under other payables.
- E. Lease receivables
Information relating to lease receivables is provided in Note 6(12).

F. Information relating to credit risk of notes and accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(6) Transfer of financial assets

Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

The Group entered into factoring agreements with banks to sell its accounts receivable. Under the agreements, the Group is not obligated to bear the default risk of the transferred accounts receivable, but is liable for the losses incurred in any business dispute. The Group does not have any continuing involvement in the transferred accounts receivable. Thus, the Group derecognised the factored accounts receivable, and the related information is as follows:

(Unit: USD thousand)

March 31, 2023			
Accounts receivable transferred	Amount derecognized	Facilities	Amount advanced
<u>The Company</u>			
\$ 377,456 (USD 12,408)	\$ 377,456 (USD 12,408)	USD 57,500	\$ 377,456 (USD 12,408)
<u>Subsidiaries</u>			
\$ 2,123,135 (USD 69,611)	\$ 2,123,135 (USD 69,611)	USD 115,000	\$ 2,123,135 (USD 69,611)

(Unit: USD thousand)

December 31, 2022			
Accounts receivable transferred	Amount derecognized	Facilities	Amount advanced
<u>The Company</u>			
\$ 571,103 (USD 18,491)	\$ 571,103 (USD 18,491)	USD 57,500	\$ 571,103 (USD 18,491)
<u>Subsidiaries</u>			
\$ 2,218,137 (USD 72,111)	\$ 2,218,137 (USD 72,111)	USD 115,000	\$ 2,218,137 (USD 72,111)

(Unit: USD thousand)

March 31, 2022			
Accounts receivable transferred	Amount derecognized	Facilities	Amount advanced
<u>The Company</u>			
\$ 647,436 (USD 22,512)	\$ 647,436 (USD 22,512)	USD 57,500	\$ 647,436 (USD 22,512)
<u>Subsidiaries</u>			
\$ 1,815,030 (USD 63,297)	\$ 1,815,030 (USD 63,297)	USD 107,000	\$ 1,815,030 (USD 63,297)

A. The counterparties of the Group's accounts receivable factoring mainly were Taishin International Bank, Chang Hwa Bank, E.SUN Commercial Bank, and other financial institutions. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the interest rate of amount advanced was 4.97%~5.79%, 3.37%~5.18% and 0.71%~1.07%, respectively.

B. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the commercial papers issued for

accounts receivable factoring amounted to US\$43,000 thousand, US\$43,000 thousand and US\$42,200 thousand, respectively.

(7) Other receivables

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Receivables from suppliers	\$ 7,360,789	\$ 6,510,285	\$ 5,955,921
Tax refund receivable — business tax	381,331	622,179	975,486
Other non-operating receivables, others (including related parties)	271,587	102,316	203,646
	<u>\$ 8,013,707</u>	<u>\$ 7,234,780</u>	<u>\$ 7,135,053</u>

(8) Inventories

March 31, 2023			
	Cost	Allowance for Valuation loss	Book value
Merchandise inventories	\$ 46,540,312	(\$ 1,048,001)	\$ 45,492,311
Inventory in transit	72,740	-	72,740
	<u>\$ 46,613,052</u>	<u>(\$ 1,048,001)</u>	<u>\$ 45,565,051</u>
December 31, 2022			
	Cost	Allowance for Valuation loss	Book value
Merchandise inventories	\$ 57,693,596	(\$ 900,794)	\$ 56,792,802
Inventory in transit	506,651	-	506,651
	<u>\$ 58,200,247</u>	<u>(\$ 900,794)</u>	<u>\$ 57,299,453</u>
March 31, 2022			
	Cost	Allowance for Valuation loss	Book value
Merchandise inventories	\$ 51,671,514	(\$ 637,519)	\$ 51,033,995
Inventory in transit	296,692	-	296,692
	<u>\$ 51,968,206</u>	<u>(\$ 637,519)</u>	<u>\$ 51,330,687</u>

A. Information relating to inventories pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

B. The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

Three months ended March 31,		
	2023	2022
Cost of inventories sold	\$ 84,175,914	\$ 96,432,623
Loss on decline in market value	147,207	149,332
	<u>\$ 84,323,121</u>	<u>\$ 96,581,955</u>

(9) Investments accounted for under equity method

A. The details are as follows:

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Associates:			
Concentrix Corporation (Note 1)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,340,979
Redington (India) Ltd. (Note 2)	6,119,892	5,883,598	5,190,146
Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company	1,696,454	1,608,478	1,810,028
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	1,503,905	1,443,353	1,403,105
Other	27,840	29,244	26,089
	<u>\$ 9,348,091</u>	<u>\$ 8,964,673</u>	<u>\$ 13,770,347</u>

The information on shareholding ratio is provided in table 8.

B. The above investments accounted for under equity method are profit/(loss) and share of other comprehensive income of associates recognised based on financial statements that were not reviewed by the investees' auditors. Details are as follows:

	<u>Profit/(loss) of associates</u>	
	<u>Three months ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Concentrix Corporation (Note 1)	\$ -	\$ 203,663
Redington (India) Ltd. (Note 2)	234,993	233,999
Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company	65,738	160,391
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	50,579	75,583
Other	(1,403)	(3,005)
	<u>\$ 349,907</u>	<u>\$ 670,631</u>
	<u>Share of other comprehensive</u>	
	<u>income of associates</u>	
	<u>Three months ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Concentrix Corporation (Note 1)	\$ -	\$ 2,459
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	(726)	(15,589)
	<u>(\$ 726)</u>	<u>(\$ 13,130)</u>

Note 1: The Group was initially one of the major shareholders of Concentrix Corporation. However, due to the decrease in influence, the Group lost its significant influence over Concentrix Corporation on July 21, 2022. The Group derecognised investments accounted for using equity method at carrying amount on that day, and the investment was remeasured at fair value and was recognised in the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. Accordingly, the differences were recognised as gain on disposal of investment in the amount of US\$275,676 thousand, approximately NT\$8,345,108 thousand.

Note 2. The Group's investment was restructured on December 26, 2022, thus, Redington (India) Ltd. that was previously held by the Company through Synnex Mauritius Ltd. was changed to be directly held by the Company through a transaction at a price of IDR 32,145,486 thousand, equivalent to NT\$ 11,963,644. Because the transaction is treated as an investment restructuring, it was accounted for using the book value method. The

difference between the consideration paid by the Company and the book value of investments accounted for using the equity method held by Synnex Mauritius Ltd. holder was adjusted in shareholders' equity interest account. The share subscriptions payable has been paid at full amount after February 24, 2023.

C. Associates

All of the Group's associates were individually immaterial. The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarized below:

(a) As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$9,348,091, \$8,964,673 and \$13,770,347, respectively.

(b) The Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Profit for the period	\$ 349,907	\$ 670,631
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(726)	(13,130)
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 349,181</u>	<u>\$ 657,501</u>

(c) The fair value calculated proportionately based on ownership shares of the Group's associates with quoted market prices is as follows:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Concentrix Corporation	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,183,895</u>
Redington (India) Ltd.	<u>\$ 11,677,609</u>	<u>\$ 12,673,374</u>	<u>\$ 10,340,493</u>
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	<u>\$ 4,435,227</u>	<u>\$ 4,946,009</u>	<u>\$ 7,760,156</u>

(10) Property, plant and equipment

2023

	Land	Buildings and structures			Utilities equipment	Computer equipment	Transportation equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Tools	Leasehold improvements	Construction in progress and equipment to be inspected	Total
	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Lease	Subtotal	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	
<u>At January 1</u>												
Cost	\$ 1,472,456	\$ 4,056,238	\$ 1,620,566	\$ 5,676,804	\$ 422,088	\$ 216,771	\$ 193,358	\$ 88,264	\$ 585,651	\$ 103,635	\$ 3,270,652	\$ 12,029,679
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	- (	1,146,641)	(305,288)	(1,451,929)	(232,770)	(135,081)	(86,209)	(71,400)	(235,556)	(59,543)	- (	2,272,488)
	<u>\$ 1,472,456</u>	<u>\$ 2,909,597</u>	<u>\$ 1,315,278</u>	<u>\$ 4,224,875</u>	<u>\$ 189,318</u>	<u>\$ 81,690</u>	<u>\$ 107,149</u>	<u>\$ 16,864</u>	<u>\$ 350,095</u>	<u>\$ 44,092</u>	<u>\$ 3,270,652</u>	<u>\$ 9,757,191</u>
Opening net book amount	\$ 1,472,456	\$ 2,909,597	\$ 1,315,278	\$ 4,224,875	\$ 189,318	\$ 81,690	\$ 107,149	\$ 16,864	\$ 350,095	\$ 44,092	\$ 3,270,652	\$ 9,757,191
Additions	-	4,551	514	5,065	1,529	982	-	1,585	5,309	566	86,388	101,424
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	- (	712)	-	-	-	- (	712)
Reclassifications	-	5,428	7,115	12,543	4,004	110	-	2,216	-	7,083	(15,651)	10,305
Depreciation charge	- (	26,611)	(9,730)	(36,341)	(9,193)	(8,535)	(4,425)	(1,893)	(9,321)	(5,347)	- (	75,055)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(13,944)	7,681	7,708	15,389	520	(170)	(68)	330	(3,342)	(410)	(16,426)	(18,121)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 1,458,512</u>	<u>\$ 2,900,646</u>	<u>\$ 1,320,885</u>	<u>\$ 4,221,531</u>	<u>\$ 186,178</u>	<u>\$ 74,077</u>	<u>\$ 101,944</u>	<u>\$ 19,102</u>	<u>\$ 342,741</u>	<u>\$ 45,984</u>	<u>\$ 3,324,963</u>	<u>\$ 9,775,032</u>
<u>At March 31</u>												
Cost	\$ 1,458,512	\$ 4,071,227	\$ 1,631,796	\$ 5,703,023	\$ 425,582	\$ 211,061	\$ 190,161	\$ 93,786	\$ 585,412	\$ 109,155	\$ 3,324,963	\$ 12,101,655
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	- (	1,170,581)	(310,911)	(1,481,492)	(239,404)	(136,984)	(88,217)	(74,684)	(242,671)	(63,171)	- (	2,326,623)
	<u>\$ 1,458,512</u>	<u>\$ 2,900,646</u>	<u>\$ 1,320,885</u>	<u>\$ 4,221,531</u>	<u>\$ 186,178</u>	<u>\$ 74,077</u>	<u>\$ 101,944</u>	<u>\$ 19,102</u>	<u>\$ 342,741</u>	<u>\$ 45,984</u>	<u>\$ 3,324,963</u>	<u>\$ 9,775,032</u>

	Land			Buildings and structures			Utilities equipment	Computer equipment	Transportation equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Tools	Leasehold improvements	Construction in progress and equipment to be inspected	Total
	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Lease	Subtotal	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	Owner-occupied	
<u>At January 1</u>														
Cost	\$ 1,444,237	\$ 3,935,891	\$ 1,601,720	\$ 5,537,611	\$ 428,854	\$ 270,128	\$ 182,227	\$ 79,859	\$ 558,903	\$ 69,502	\$ 3,076,245	\$ 11,647,566		
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	- (	1,035,263)	(271,765)	(1,307,028)	(219,107)	(156,952)	(84,905)	(61,785)	(195,915)	(53,687)	- (	2,079,379)		
	<u>\$ 1,444,237</u>	<u>\$ 2,900,628</u>	<u>\$ 1,329,955</u>	<u>\$ 4,230,583</u>	<u>\$ 209,747</u>	<u>\$ 113,176</u>	<u>\$ 97,322</u>	<u>\$ 18,074</u>	<u>\$ 362,988</u>	<u>\$ 15,815</u>	<u>\$ 3,076,245</u>	<u>\$ 9,568,187</u>		
Opening net book amount	\$ 1,444,237	\$ 2,900,628	\$ 1,329,955	\$ 4,230,583	\$ 209,747	\$ 113,176	\$ 97,322	\$ 18,074	\$ 362,988	\$ 15,815	\$ 3,076,245	\$ 9,568,187		
Additions	-	28,110	-	28,110	(1,568)	1,001	-	2,352	4,062	-	81,953	115,910		
Disposals	- (	95)	- (	95)	1 (	56)	(4,214)	- (	61)	-	- (	4,425)		
Reclassifications	- (	28,807)	28,807	-	1,704	-	25,870	-	-	1,076	(1,704)	26,946		
Depreciation charge	- (	25,676)	(10,084)	(35,760)	(9,387)	(10,555)	(4,549)	(2,292)	(10,351)	(1,935)	- (	74,829)		
Effect of exchange rate changes	52,069	109,676	50,940	160,616	7,918	753	290	621	16,768	303	37,625	276,963		
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 1,496,306</u>	<u>\$ 2,983,836</u>	<u>\$ 1,399,618</u>	<u>\$ 4,383,454</u>	<u>\$ 208,415</u>	<u>\$ 104,319</u>	<u>\$ 114,719</u>	<u>\$ 18,755</u>	<u>\$ 373,406</u>	<u>\$ 15,259</u>	<u>\$ 3,194,119</u>	<u>\$ 9,908,752</u>		
<u>At March 31</u>														
Cost	\$ 1,496,306	\$ 4,065,219	\$ 1,699,955	\$ 5,765,174	\$ 436,642	\$ 266,740	\$ 196,213	\$ 84,659	\$ 588,362	\$ 68,783	\$ 3,194,119	\$ 12,096,998		
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	- (	1,081,383)	(300,337)	(1,381,720)	(228,227)	(162,421)	(81,494)	(65,904)	(214,956)	(53,524)	- (	2,188,246)		
	<u>\$ 1,496,306</u>	<u>\$ 2,983,836</u>	<u>\$ 1,399,618</u>	<u>\$ 4,383,454</u>	<u>\$ 208,415</u>	<u>\$ 104,319</u>	<u>\$ 114,719</u>	<u>\$ 18,755</u>	<u>\$ 373,406</u>	<u>\$ 15,259</u>	<u>\$ 3,194,119</u>	<u>\$ 9,908,752</u>		

Note 1: The Group's property in Nangang District, Taipei City has been under construction since February 2020 and was shown under construction in progress. Thus, for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the interest of property, plant and equipment has been capitalized. Amount of borrowing costs for property, plant and equipment capitalised and interest rate range are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Amount capitalised	\$ 7,390	\$ 5,148
Range of the interest rates for capitalisation	1.74%~1.81%	0.82%~0.83%

Note 2: The Group had no property, plant and equipment pledged to others as collateral as of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022.

(11) Leasing arrangements — lessee

A. The Group leases various assets including land use rights and buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 10 years for buildings and 44 to 50 years for land use rights. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	Land use rights	Buildings	Total
January 1, 2023	\$ 655,201	\$ 540,113	\$ 1,195,314
Additions	-	159,108	159,108
Early termination of leases	- (	2,507) (	2,507)
Depreciation charge	(4,559) (	62,919) (	67,478)
Effect of exchange rate changes	3,841	(3,906) (	65)
March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 654,483</u>	<u>\$ 629,889</u>	<u>\$ 1,284,372</u>
	Land use rights	Buildings	Total
January 1, 2022	\$ 678,316	\$ 427,338	\$ 1,105,654
Additions	-	12,271	12,271
Depreciation charge	(4,633) (	58,340) (	62,973)
Effect of exchange rate changes	25,670	5,801	31,471
March 31, 2022	<u>\$ 699,353</u>	<u>\$ 387,070</u>	<u>\$ 1,086,423</u>

C. Information on profit or loss relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 4,354	\$ 1,730
Expense on short-term lease contracts	27,215	18,772
Expense on leases of low-value assets	3,041	2,365
Gain on lease modification	(455)	-

D. Apart from the cash outflow relating to the lease expense mentioned above, the Group's cash outflow arising from the payment of lease liabilities amounted is provided in Note 6(36).

(12) Leasing arrangements — lessor

- A. The Group leases various assets including office buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 10 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis. To protect the lessor's ownership rights on the leased assets, all or certain leased assets may not be subleased, sublet and pledged.
- B. The Group leases computers and computer peripherals assets to others under a finance lease. Based on the terms of the lease contract, the ownership of the assets will be transferred to lessees provided that the lessees exercise the purchase option when the leases expire. Information on profit or loss in relation to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Sales profit	\$ 15,796	\$ 7,960
Finance income from the net investment in the finance lease	2,753	3,332
	<u>\$ 18,549</u>	<u>\$ 11,292</u>

C. The maturity analysis of the undiscounted lease payments in the finance lease is as follows:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Within 1 year	\$ 147,245	\$ 151,501	\$ 172,009
1-5 year(s)	129,646	118,121	129,746
	<u>\$ 276,891</u>	<u>\$ 269,622</u>	<u>\$ 301,755</u>

D. Reconciliation of the undiscounted lease payments and the net investment in the finance lease is provided as follows:

	March 31, 2023		
	Current	Non-current	Total
Undiscounted lease payments	\$ 147,245	\$ 129,646	\$ 276,891
Unearned finance income	(23,945)	(19,141)	(43,086)
Net investment in the lease	<u>\$ 123,300</u>	<u>\$ 110,505</u>	<u>\$ 233,805</u>
	December 31, 2022		
	Current	Non-current	Total
Undiscounted lease payments	\$ 151,501	\$ 118,121	\$ 269,622
Unearned finance income	(24,152)	(17,696)	(41,848)
Net investment in the lease	<u>\$ 127,349</u>	<u>\$ 100,425</u>	<u>\$ 227,774</u>
	March 31, 2022		
	Current	Non-current	Total
Undiscounted lease payments	\$ 172,009	\$ 129,746	\$ 301,755
Unearned finance income	(26,403)	(18,898)	(45,301)
Net investment in the lease	<u>\$ 145,606</u>	<u>\$ 110,848</u>	<u>\$ 256,454</u>

E. Gain arising from operating lease agreements for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Rental income (including operating revenue and other income)	<u>\$ 150,432</u>	<u>\$ 144,692</u>

F. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Within 1 year	\$ 409,940	\$ 419,333	\$ 398,331
1-5 year(s)	916,442	994,926	1,017,845
Over 5 years	269,100	281,255	226,101
	<u>\$ 1,595,482</u>	<u>\$ 1,695,514</u>	<u>\$ 1,642,277</u>

(13) Investment property

	2023		
	Buildings and structures	Utilities equipment	Total
<u>At January 1</u>			
Cost	\$ 1,355,029	\$ 17,289	\$ 1,372,318
Accumulated depreciation	(374,067)	(10,791)	(384,858)
	<u>\$ 980,962</u>	<u>\$ 6,498</u>	<u>\$ 987,460</u>
Opening net book amount	\$ 980,962	\$ 6,498	\$ 987,460
Additions	559	39	598
Depreciation charge	(8,033)	(388)	(8,421)
Net exchange differences	<u>5,752</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>5,790</u>
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 979,240</u>	<u>\$ 6,187</u>	<u>\$ 985,427</u>
<u>At March 31</u>			
Cost	\$ 1,363,467	\$ 16,480	\$ 1,379,947
Accumulated depreciation	(384,227)	(10,293)	(394,520)
	<u>\$ 979,240</u>	<u>\$ 6,187</u>	<u>\$ 985,427</u>
	2022		
	Buildings and structures	Utilities equipment	Total
<u>At January 1</u>			
Cost	\$ 1,333,076	\$ 34,973	\$ 1,368,049
Accumulated depreciation	(336,602)	(27,376)	(363,978)
	<u>\$ 996,474</u>	<u>\$ 7,597</u>	<u>\$ 1,004,071</u>
Opening net book amount	\$ 996,474	\$ 7,597	\$ 1,004,071
Additions	-	1,704	1,704
Depreciation charge	(7,976)	(1,112)	(9,088)
Net exchange differences	<u>37,686</u>	<u>301</u>	<u>37,987</u>
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 1,026,184</u>	<u>\$ 8,490</u>	<u>\$ 1,034,674</u>
<u>At March 31</u>			
Cost	\$ 1,383,726	\$ 37,938	\$ 1,421,664
Accumulated depreciation	(357,542)	(29,448)	(386,990)
	<u>\$ 1,026,184</u>	<u>\$ 8,490</u>	<u>\$ 1,034,674</u>

- A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Rental income from investment property	\$ 101,797	\$ 98,585
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental income during the period	\$ 22,210	\$ 27,787

- B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022 was \$2,652,904, \$3,067,536 and \$3,132,501, respectively, which is calculated based on the present value of rental revenue for the next 10 years and disposal value. The valuation approach is categorized within level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. The growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in market quotation reports and historical experiences. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.
- C. The Group has no investment property pledged to others as collateral and capitalization of interests as of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022.

(14) Intangible assets

	2023		
	Computer software cost	Goodwill	Total
<u>At January 1</u>			
Cost	\$ 194,340	\$ 554,455	\$ 748,795
Accumulated amortisation	(83,070)	-	(83,070)
	<u>\$ 111,270</u>	<u>\$ 554,455</u>	<u>\$ 665,725</u>
Opening net book amount	\$ 111,270	\$ 554,455	\$ 665,725
Additions - acquired separately	625	-	625
Reclassifications	11,281	-	11,281
Amortisation charge	(12,051)	-	(12,051)
Net exchange differences	(1,012)	(2,298)	(3,310)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 110,113</u>	<u>\$ 552,157</u>	<u>\$ 662,270</u>
<u>At March 31</u>			
Cost	\$ 202,416	\$ 552,157	\$ 754,573
Accumulated amortisation	(92,303)	-	(92,303)
	<u>\$ 110,113</u>	<u>\$ 552,157</u>	<u>\$ 662,270</u>

	2022		
	Computer software cost	Goodwill	Total
<u>At January 1</u>			
Cost	\$ 185,001	\$ 524,197	\$ 709,198
Accumulated amortisation	(69,279)	-	(69,279)
	<u>\$ 115,722</u>	<u>\$ 524,197</u>	<u>\$ 639,919</u>
Opening net book amount	\$ 115,722	\$ 524,197	\$ 639,919
Additions - acquired separately	5,218	-	5,218
Reclassifications	2,079	-	2,079
Amortisation charge	(10,284)	-	(10,284)
Net exchange differences	1,998	9,703	11,701
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 114,733</u>	<u>\$ 533,900</u>	<u>\$ 648,633</u>
<u>At March 31</u>			
Cost	\$ 190,218	\$ 533,900	\$ 724,118
Accumulated amortisation	(75,485)	-	(75,485)
	<u>\$ 114,733</u>	<u>\$ 533,900</u>	<u>\$ 648,633</u>

A. Amortisation charges on intangible assets were recognised as administrative expenses amounting to \$12,051 and \$10,284 for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

B. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022
Taiwan	\$ 239,479	\$ 239,479	\$ 239,479
Hong Kong	302,891	305,473	284,768
Indonesia	9,787	9,503	9,653
	<u>\$ 552,157</u>	<u>\$ 554,455</u>	<u>\$ 533,900</u>

C. Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operation segment. The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period.

The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units calculated using the value-in-use exceeded their carrying amount, so goodwill was not impaired. The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are consideration of gross margin, growth rate, and discount rate.

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The growth rates used are consistent with the forecasts included in market quotation reports and historical experiences. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

D. This Group has no intangible assets pledged to others as collateral as of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022.

(15) Other non-current assets

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Refundable deposits	\$ 120,184	\$ 117,909	\$ 113,534
Long-term notes and overdue receivables	1,393,570	1,449,143	1,379,259
Long-term lease receivables	110,505	100,425	110,848
Others	41,546	50,191	46,568
	<u>\$ 1,665,805</u>	<u>\$ 1,717,668</u>	<u>\$ 1,650,209</u>

For details of long-term lease receivables, please refer to Note 6(12).

(16) Short-term borrowings

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$ 60,190,463	\$ 73,314,084	\$ 53,348,727
Secured borrowings	386,650	-	710,567
	<u>\$ 60,577,113</u>	<u>\$ 73,314,084</u>	<u>\$ 54,059,294</u>
Interest rate range			
Unsecured borrowings	<u>1.64%~6.14%</u>	<u>1.37%~5.60%</u>	<u>0.75%~2.56%</u>
Secured borrowings	<u>6.15%~6.5%</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3.95%~3.97%</u>
Collateral			
Unsecured borrowings	None	None	None
Secured borrowings	Accounts receivable and inventories	None	Accounts receivable and inventories

Interest expense recognised in profit or loss, please refer to Note 6(30).

(17) Short-term notes and bills payable

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Commercial paper payable	\$ 7,180,000	\$ 4,860,000	\$ 10,330,000
Interest rate range	<u>1.72%~1.92%</u>	<u>1.86%~1.98%</u>	<u>0.82%~1.13%</u>

The above-mentioned short-term notes and bills payables are issued and accepted by financial institutions. The interest includes costs related to issuance.

(18) Other payables

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Dividends receivable	\$ 5,837,814	\$ -	\$ 8,339,735
Temporary receipt of suppliers' payment	4,329,241	4,643,453	4,100,833
Salary and bonus payable	604,936	956,662	615,741
Accrued expenses — others	627,828	731,622	922,642
Other payables — others (including related parties)	1,791,872	1,276,177	998,082
	<u>\$ 13,191,691</u>	<u>\$ 7,607,914</u>	<u>\$ 14,977,033</u>

(19) Other current liabilities

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Refund liability — dealers' rebates payable	\$ 4,052,450	\$ 4,109,787	\$ 5,360,438
Other current liabilities — others	99,347	121,985	104,348
	<u>\$ 4,151,797</u>	<u>\$ 4,231,772</u>	<u>\$ 5,464,786</u>

(20) Long-term borrowings

<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>Borrowing period and repayment term</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>March 31, 2023</u>
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 30, 2021 to December 30, 2024; principal is repayable in full at maturity; interest is repayable monthly.	2.13%	None	\$ 1,500,000
Syndicated Loans- Tranche B	Five years from the date of first drawdown (August 1, 2022); principal is repayable in full at maturity; interest is repayable in full at face value.	1.75%	None	11,520,000
				<u>\$ 13,020,000</u>
Less: Current portion				-
				<u>\$ 13,020,000</u>

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2022
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 30, 2021 to December 30, 2024; principal is repayable in full at maturity; interest is repayable monthly.	1.99%	None	\$ 1,500,000
Syndicated Loans- Tranche A	Five years from the date of first drawdown (November 25, 2022); principal is repayable in full at maturity; interest is repayable in full at face value.	1,79%~1.81%	None	11,400,000
Syndicated Loans- Tranche B	Five years from the date of first drawdown (August 1, 2022); principal is repayable in full at maturity; interest is repayable in full at face value.	1,78%~1.80%	None	3,000,000
				\$ 15,900,000
Less: Current portion				-
				\$ 15,900,000

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	March 31, 2022
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 30, 2021 to December 30, 2024; principal is repayable in full at maturity; interest is repayable monthly.	1.33%	None	\$ 1,500,000
Less: Current portion				-
				\$ 1,500,000

A. As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, the terms of syndicated borrowing agreement are as follows:

(a) Credit items and facilities: total credit line of the syndicated loans amounting to NT\$14.4 billion.

i Tranche A:

The credit line of medium-term borrowings amounted to NT\$14.4 billion and can be revolved.

ii Tranche B:

The credit line of issuing commercial paper guarantee amounted to NT\$11.52 billion and can be revolved.

iii Tranche C:

The credit line of issuing cooperate bond guarantee amounted to NT\$7.272 billion and can not be revolved.

(b) Contract term:

- i The contract terms to Tranche A and Tranche B both are five years from the date of first drawdown.
- ii The contract term to Tranche C is no more than five years from the date of collecting payments of corporate bonds.

(c) Drawdown period:

- i Tranche A and Tranche B: The facility is revolving during the facility period.
- ii Tranche C: The loan is drawn in a lump sum within 12 months from the day of signing the contract, and the undrawn amount will be canceled on the expiry date and kept intact.

(d) Covenants:

Borrowers shall comply with the following financial covenants, and calculate based on the consolidated financial statements audited by borrowers' independent auditors and will be assessed once a year.

- i Current ratio (current assets/current liabilities) shall not be less than 100%;
- ii Debt ratio ((medium and long term borrowings + short-term borrowings (including current portion) + the balance of short-term notes and bills payable + domestic and foreign cooperate bonds (including convertible bonds) – cash) / net tangible assets) shall not be more than 200%.
- iii Interest coverage ratio ((income before tax + interest expense + depreciation expense and amortisation expense) / interest expense) shall not be less than three times.
- iv Net tangible assets (net asset value - intangible asset) shall be at least NT\$40 billion.

B. Information on interest expense recognised in profit or loss in provided in Note 6(30).

(21) Pensions

A. Defined benefit plans

- (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law. The pension benefits are paid based on the service years and the average monthly salaries of the last 1 month prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March. The subsidiary, PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia, also adopted a defined benefit plan.

- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$4,902 and \$4,629 for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2023 amount to \$9,056.

B. Defined contribution plans

- (a) No pension plan is established for certain overseas investment holding companies since these companies are not required to have an employee pension plan in accordance with the local legislation. Except for the above, other companies have established a funded defined contribution pension plan and therefore contribute monthly a certain percentage of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund. Except for monthly contributions to the retirement fund, these companies have no further obligations.
- (b) The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$85,943 and \$80,152, respectively.

(22) Share capital

- A. As of March 31, 2023, the Company's authorised capital was \$24,000,000 (including \$500,000 reserved for the conversion of employees' stock options which have not been issued), and the paid-in capital was \$16,679,470 with a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share. Shares yet to be issued can be issued several times by the Board of Directors depending on the demand, and some of them can be distributed in the form of preferred shares. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows: (Unit: shares)

	2023	2022
At January 1 (At March 31)	<u>1,667,946,968</u>	<u>1,667,946,968</u>

- B. In 1997 and 1999, the Company issued new shares and Mitac Incorporated and other major shareholders offered part of their shares to jointly participate in the issuance of global depository shares (GDSs). These GDSs were issued in Europe, Asia and the USA. Each GDS represents 4 shares of ordinary share. After several issuances of GDSs by issuing new shares, the total number of GDSs outstanding as of March 31, 2023 was 23,174 units, representing 92,708 shares of ordinary share. The main terms and conditions of the GDSs are as follows:

(a) Voting rights

The holders of GDSs have no right to directly attend any shareholders' meeting of the Company, vote, or speak. However, when the Depositary receives the same instruction from more than 51% of the holders of GDSs on a proposal, the Depositary shall vote on the proposal as instructed by the holders of GDSs.

(b) Conversion of GDSs

Commencing three months after the initial issuance of GDSs, subject to the terms of the Deposit Agreement and applicable laws of the R.O.C., a holder of GDSs may request the Depositary to redeem and deliver or sell the Company's ordinary share represented by the GDSs.

(c) Dividends

The holders of GDSs are entitled to receive dividends to the same extent as the holders of ordinary shares.

(23) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

	2023					
	Changes in equity					
	Share premium	Treasury share transactions	of associates and joint ventures	Stock options	Others	Total
At January 1	\$ 12,814,051	\$ 340,678	\$ 118,239	\$ 228,445	\$ 4,491	\$ 13,505,904
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures	-	-	2,608	-	-	2,608
Unclaimed dividends	-	-	-	-	214	214
At March 31	<u>\$ 12,814,051</u>	<u>\$ 340,678</u>	<u>\$ 120,847</u>	<u>\$ 228,445</u>	<u>\$ 4,705</u>	<u>\$ 13,508,726</u>

	2022					
	Changes in equity					
	Share premium	Treasury share transactions	of associates and joint ventures	Stock options	Others	Total
At January 1	\$ 13,626,940	\$ 340,678	\$ -	\$ 228,445	\$ 3,897	\$ 14,199,960
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures	-	-	78,807	-	-	78,807
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired	-	-	2,085	-	-	2,085
Unclaimed dividends	-	-	-	-	594	594
At March 31	<u>\$ 13,626,940</u>	<u>\$ 340,678</u>	<u>\$ 80,892</u>	<u>\$ 228,445</u>	<u>\$ 4,491</u>	<u>\$ 14,281,446</u>

(24) Retained earnings

A. The Company's Articles of Incorporation:

- (a) If the Company's final accounts show a profit, the current year's earnings shall first be used to pay all taxes, offset prior year's losses, and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside for legal reserve and provision for or reversal of special reserve as required by law. After setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with related laws, the remaining earnings, if any, shall first be appropriated as stock dividends for preferred stock. If there is profit remaining, the Board of Directors shall propose to distribute the balance amount, together with any accumulated non-distributed profit. Where dividends are distributed in the form of stocks, the distribution shall be subject to the approval of the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting. Where dividends are distributed in the form of cash, the Board of Directors is authorized to make such distribution by approval of more than half of directors present at a meeting where more than two-thirds of the directors are in attendance, and the distribution shall also be reported at the shareholders' meeting. The Board of Directors shall determine the shareholders' cash dividend ratio with the consideration of the financial structure of the Company, future earnings situation, and business development; however, the cash dividend ratio may not be less than 15% of the total current dividend distributed to shareholders.
- (b) Where the Company incurs no loss, the Board of Directors may draft distribution proposals to distribute part or all of the legal reserve and capital surplus specified in Article 241 of the Company Act to shareholders. Where dividends are distributed in the form of stocks, the distribution shall be subject to the approval of the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting. Where dividends are distributed in the form of cash, the Board of Directors is authorized to make such distribution by approval of more than half of the directors present at the meeting where more than two-thirds of the directors are in attendance, and the distribution shall also be reported at the shareholders' meeting.
- B. The appropriation of 2022 and 2021 earnings had been proposed at the Board of Directors' meeting on March 8, 2023 and resolved at the shareholders' meeting on May 30, 2022, respectively. Details are summarized below:

	Years ended December 31,			
	2022		2021	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Provision for legal reserve	\$ 1,577,796		\$ 1,695,196	
(Reversal of) provision for special reserve	(2,208,704)		1,910,568	
Cash dividends	5,837,814	\$ 3.50	8,339,735	\$ 5.00

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, in accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the appropriation of cash dividend was authorised to the Board of Directors. Thus, the financial statements reflect the dividends payable.

(25) Other equity items

	Currency translation	Unrealised gains (losses) on valuation	Total
At January 1, 2023	(\$ 5,467,061)	(\$ 571,348)	(\$ 6,038,409)
Revaluation:			
–Group	-	(669,275)	(669,275)
–Associates	-	(726)	(726)
Currency translation differences:			
–Group	(387,648)	-	(387,648)
At March 31, 2023	(\$ 5,854,709)	(\$ 1,241,349)	(\$ 7,096,058)

	Currency translation	Unrealised gains (losses) on valuation	Total
At January 1, 2022	(\$ 10,641,478)	\$ 2,394,366	(\$ 8,247,112)
Revaluation:			
–Group	-	(1,019,655)	(1,019,655)
–Associates	-	(15,589)	(15,589)
Currency translation differences:			
–Group	3,737,912	-	3,737,912
–Associates	2,459	-	2,459
At March 31, 2022	(\$ 6,901,107)	\$ 1,359,122	(\$ 5,541,985)

(26) Operating revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines:

	Timing of revenue	Three months ended March 31,	
		2023	2022
Revenue from 3C and semiconductor products	At a point in time	\$ 88,098,722	\$ 100,397,876
Others	Over time	501,117	467,309
		\$ 88,599,839	\$ 100,865,185

(27) Interest income

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 52,590	\$ 14,078
Other interest income	58,217	38,431
	\$ 110,807	\$ 52,509

(28) Other income

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Rental income	\$ 150,024	\$ 144,302
Dividend income	141,722	64,946
Others	86,266	64,585
	<u>\$ 378,012</u>	<u>\$ 273,833</u>

(29) Other gains and (losses)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Net (losses) gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(\$ 37,580)	\$ 15,375
Net currency exchange gains	170,434	86,590
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and investment property	1,373	866
Related expense charges on investment property	(22,210)	(27,787)
Losses on disposal of investments	(70)	-
Others	(2,264)	41,865
	<u>\$ 109,683</u>	<u>\$ 116,909</u>

(30) Finance costs

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Interest expense on bank borrowings	\$ 537,286	\$ 138,995
Interest expense on short-term notes and bills payable	83,971	29,840
Interest expense on lease liabilities	4,354	1,730
Less: Capitalisation of qualifying assets	(7,390)	(5,148)
	<u>\$ 618,221</u>	<u>\$ 165,417</u>

(31) Expenses by nature

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Employee benefit expense	\$ 1,346,698	\$ 1,324,160
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	\$ 75,055	\$ 74,829
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	\$ 67,478	\$ 62,973
Depreciation charges on investment property	\$ 8,421	\$ 9,088
Amortisation charges on intangible assets	\$ 12,051	\$ 10,284

(32) Employee benefit expense

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Wages and salaries	\$ 1,153,858	\$ 1,141,972
Employee social security expense	67,836	65,371
Pension costs	90,845	84,781
Directors' remuneration	2,042	1,975
Other personnel expenses	31,917	30,061
	<u>\$ 1,346,498</u>	<u>\$ 1,324,160</u>

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Company's net income before tax before deducting remuneration to employees and directors and after covering for losses in the current fiscal year, should be applied to pay remuneration to employees in an amount not exceeding 10% and not less than 0.01% of the balance, and to directors for an amount not more than 1% of the balance. Employee remuneration may be distributed in stock or cash and directors' remuneration may be distributed in cash subject to a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors. Employee remuneration may be distributed in stock; remuneration may also be distributed for employees of controlled or affiliated companies that meet the criteria. The Chairman of the Board is authorized to set such criteria.
- B. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation (bonus) was accrued at \$300 and \$300, respectively; directors' remuneration was accrued at \$2,042 and \$1,975, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.
- The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 0.01% and 0.04% of distributable profit for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- For 2022, the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors amounted to \$2,000 and \$8,168, respectively. The differences between the amounts resolved by the Board of Directors and the amounts of \$2,000 and \$7,900 recognised in the 2022 financial statements had been adjusted in the profit or loss of 2023. As of May 8, 2023, the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration had not been distributed.
- C. Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors is posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(33) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$ 370,610	\$ 351,120
Prior period income tax underestimation (overestimation)	(5,334) (6,010)	
Prepaid income tax	151,283	107,052
Total current tax	516,559	452,162
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	43,015	93,156
Income tax expense	\$ 559,574	\$ 545,318

- (b) For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group had no income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income.
- (c) For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group had no income tax charged/(credited) to equity during the period.
- B. The Company's income tax returns through 2018 and of 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.
- As for the Group's domestic consolidated subsidiaries, Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation, E-Fan Investments Co., Ltd. and Bizwave Tech Co., Ltd., the income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.
- As for the Group's domestic consolidated subsidiaries, Seper Technology Corporation and Bestcom Infotech Corp., the income tax returns through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.
- C. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022, and March 31, 2022, the Group recognised deferred income tax liabilities of \$5,669,453, \$5,669,453, and \$3,885,911, respectively, for the earnings that were assessed to be repatriated by investees.

(34) Earnings per share

Three months ended March 31, 2023			
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 1,731,330	1,667,947	\$ 1.04
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 1,731,330	1,667,947	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	10	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 1,731,330	1,667,957	\$ 1.04
Three months ended March 31, 2022			
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 2,544,958	1,667,947	\$ 1.53
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 2,544,958	1,667,947	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	11	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 2,544,958	1,667,958	\$ 1.53

(35) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Acquisition of additional equity interest in a subsidiary

The Group acquired an additional 1.07% shares of Bestcom Infotech Corp. for a cash consideration of \$20,944 on March 31, 2022.

The effect of changes in interests in Bestcom Infotech Corp. on the equity attributable to owners of the parent for the three months ended March 31, 2022 is shown below:

	<u>Three months ended March 31,</u> <u>2022</u>
Consideration paid to non-controlling interest	(\$ 20,944)
Decrease in carrying amount of non-controlling interest	<u>23,029</u>
Capital surplus - difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiary acquired	<u>\$ 2,085</u>

(36) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Cash dividends payable	Short-term borrowings	Short-term notes and bills payable	Long-term borrowings	Current/ Non-current lease liabilities	Guarantee deposits received
At January 1, 2023	\$ -	\$ 73,314,084	\$ 4,860,000	\$ 15,900,000	\$ 554,220	\$ 190,167
Cash dividends declared	5,837,814	-	-	-	-	-
Decrease in short-term borrowings	-	(12,736,971)	-	-	-	-
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable	-	-	2,320,000	-	-	-
Decrease in long-term borrowings	-	-	-	(2,880,000)	-	-
Payments of lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	(66,619)	-
Increase in lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	159,108	-
Changes in other non-cash items	-	-	-	-	(2,962)	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	-	-	34,553
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	-	-	(28,027)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	-	-	-	-	(3,993)	(28,891)
At March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 5,837,814</u>	<u>\$ 60,577,113</u>	<u>\$ 7,180,000</u>	<u>\$ 13,020,000</u>	<u>\$ 639,754</u>	<u>\$ 167,802</u>

	Cash dividends payable	Short-term borrowings	Short-term notes and bills payable	Long-term borrowings	Current/ Non-current lease liabilities	Guarantee deposits received
At January 1, 2022	\$ -	\$ 53,326,707	\$ 12,490,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 446,021	\$ 190,368
Cash dividends declared	8,339,735	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in short-term borrowings	-	732,587	-	-	-	-
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	-	-	(2,160,000)	-	-	-
Payments of lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	(63,325)	-
Increase in lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	12,271	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	-	-	57,470
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	-	-	-	-	-	(50,020)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	-	-	-	-	6,293	(26,859)
At March 31, 2022	<u>\$ 8,339,735</u>	<u>\$ 54,059,294</u>	<u>\$ 10,330,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 401,260</u>	<u>\$ 170,959</u>

(37) Financing activities with no cash flow effect

	<u>Three months ended March 31,</u> <u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Consideration received	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cash dividends declared but yet to be paid	<u>\$ 5,837,814</u>	<u>\$ 8,339,735</u>

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

<u>Names of related parties</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
<u>Associates:</u>	
Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd. and its Subsidiaries (Synnex Thailand)	King's Eye's investee accounted for using equity method
Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company and its Subsidiaries (Synnex FPT)	King's Eye's investee accounted for using equity method
Asgard System, Inc.	Indirect investee of Bestcom Infotech Corp.
<u>Other related parties:</u>	
Mitac Incorporated	The Company's chairperson is the related party's chairperson
Mitac Information Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
Mitac International Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's chairperson
Mitac Digital Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
Mitac Computing Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
Getac Technology Corporation (Original name: Getac Corporation)	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Getac Holdings Corporation
Atemitech Corporation	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Getac Holdings Corporation
Linde Lienhwa Industrial Gases Co., Ltd.	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
UPC Technology Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's chairperson
Mitac Communication Co., Ltd.	The related party's director is the second-degree relative of the Company's chairperson
Shunda Computer Factory Co., Ltd.	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Mitac International Corporation
Jetwell Computer Co., Ltd.	The Company's subsidiary, Bestcom Infotech Corp., is the related party's director

<u>Names of related parties</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
Zong Yi Information Co., Ltd.	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Jetwell Computer Co., Ltd.
Inforcom Technology Inc.	The Company's subsidiary, Bestcom Infotech Corp., is the related party's director
Din Yen Technology Inc.	99.97%-owned subsidiary of Inforcom Technology Inc.
Udar Digital Inc.	96.38%-owned subsidiary of Inforcom Technology Inc.
Digitimes Inc.	The Company is the related party's director
Lien Hwa Milling Corporation	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
PT. Mitra Integrasi Informatika (MII)	Subsidiary's other related party
PT. Metrodata Electronics, Tbk (MTDL)	SMI's director
PT. Soltius Indonesia (SI)	Subsidiary's other related party
Packet System Indonesia (PSI)	Subsidiary's other related party
PT. Sinergi Transformasi Digital (STD)	Subsidiary's other related party
PT. CacaFly Metrodata Indonesia (CMI)	Subsidiary's other related party
TD Synnex Corporation (SYN)	The Company's chairperson is the related party's director
Concentrix Corporation (CNCX)	The Company's director is the related party's director

(2) Significant related party transactions and balances

A. Operating revenue

	<u>Three months ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Sales of goods:		
— Associates	\$ 17,056	\$ 6,911
— Other related parties	1,422,092	606,949
	<u>\$ 1,439,148</u>	<u>\$ 613,860</u>

Goods are sold based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties. The collection term for related parties is within 30~120 days of the date of billing statement and credit term of advance sales receipts. The collection term for third parties is within credit term of

advance sales receipts, 7~120 days after receipt of goods or 1~150 days of the date of billing statement.

B. Receivables from related parties

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Accounts receivable:			
— Associates	\$ 22,751	\$ 43,687	\$ 2,561
— Other related parties	1,314,603	455,804	433,342
	<u>\$ 1,337,354</u>	<u>\$ 499,491</u>	<u>\$ 435,903</u>

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sales of goods.

C. Purchases of goods

	<u>Three months ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Purchases of goods:		
— Other related parties	<u>\$ 53,007</u>	<u>\$ 26,315</u>

Goods are purchased from associates on normal commercial terms and conditions. The payment term for related parties is within 30~60 days of the date of billing statement. The payment term for third parties is within 7~70 days after receipt of goods or 20~130 days of the date of billing statement.

D. Payables to related parties

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Accounts payable:			
— Other related parties	<u>\$ 8,807</u>	<u>\$ 20,839</u>	<u>\$ 7,188</u>

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions.

E. Other transactions

The details of other receivables, other payables and dividend income that the Group provides to related parties are as follows:

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Other receivables:			
Associates	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 169</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Other payables:			
Other related parties	<u>\$ 9,814</u>	<u>\$ 4,797</u>	<u>\$ 7,999</u>

	<u>Three months ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Dividend income:		
Other related parties	<u>\$ 141,714</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(3) Key management compensation

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 31,930	\$ 30,104
Post-employment benefits (Note)	1,331	1,210
Total	<u>\$ 33,261</u>	<u>\$ 31,314</u>

Note: Benefits are provisions that are not actually distributed.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged asset	Book value			Purpose
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Current financial assets at amortised cost:				
Pledged time deposits	\$ -	\$ 5,634	\$ -	Guarantees for performance bond
Non-current financial assets at amortised cost:				
Pledged time deposits	805,458	866,178	1,472,335	Guarantees for purchases
Accounts receivable	1,518,962	1,424,405	1,302,065	Pledged for short-term borrowings (Note)
Inventories	1,542,780	1,455,615	1,328,268	Pledged for short-term borrowings (Note)
	<u>\$ 3,867,200</u>	<u>\$ 3,751,832</u>	<u>\$ 4,102,668</u>	

Note: As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022, and March 31, 2022, the actual drawdown amounts were \$386,650, \$0, and \$710,567, respectively.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

On November 13, 2017, Unisplendour Digital (Suzhou) Group Co. Ltd. (Unisplendour Digital) filed a sales dispute against Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. in Suzhou Xiangcheng People's Court in China. In the complaint, Unisplendour Digital claimed the goods it received were not the subject matter of the contract and requested for a refund of the payment. On January 22, 2018, the Court dismissed the complaint on the ground that the law enforcement has initiated an investigation. In August 2020, Unisplendour Digital refiled the complaint to claim for compensation of RMB 28,926 thousand, RMB 17,401 thousand and RMB 5,593 thousand and a default fine for breach of contract on the ground that the law enforcement has cancelled the investigation. The Company lost the above-mentioned case based on the judgement of final instance by the Suzhou Xiangcheng People's Court in China. Therefore, the Group has fully paid the related compensations and default fine in May 2022 and filed a motion for retrial in August 2022.

(2) Commitments

A. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the Group issued promissory

notes to guarantee the suppliers' credit limit amounting to \$3,649,600, \$4,199,856 and \$3,403,058, respectively, for inventory purchases.

B. Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>March 31, 2022</u>
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 4,600,913	\$ 2,506,080	\$ 2,529,386

March 31, 2023: It refers to the contract commitments of the Group to acquire the property located in Nangang Dist., Taipei City and to build the second stage of the logistics center in Sydney and the logistics center in Melbourne.

December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022: It refers to the contract commitments of the Group to acquire the property located in Nangang Dist., Taipei City and to build the second stage of the logistics center in Sydney.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net borrowing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net borrowings divided by shareholders' equity. Net borrowings are calculated as all amounts of short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, and long-term borrowings less all amounts of cash and cash equivalents, financial products at fair value through profit or loss, and time deposits maturing over three months as shown in the consolidated balance sheet. Shareholders' equity is calculated as total equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet.

The net borrowing ratios as of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022 were 85%, 106% and 86%, respectively.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

Please refer to the consolidated balance sheets and related information in Note 6 for the Group's financial assets (cash and cash equivalents, current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, current financial

assets at amortised cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current financial assets at amortised cost, other non-current assets-refundable deposits, other non-current assets-long-term notes and overdue receivables and other non-current assets-long-term lease receivables) and financial liabilities (short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, other current liabilities-refund liability, long-term borrowings, other non-current liabilities-guarantee deposits received, lease liabilities (current and non-current)).

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates, and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange risk by using foreign exchange forward contracts. However, these contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting. The contracts are recorded as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Please refer to Note 6(2).
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB, USD and AUD). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

March 31, 2023			
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	196,068	30.50	\$ 5,980,074
USD:AUD	14,598	1.49	445,239
NZD:USD	19,739	0.63	379,285
RMB:HKD	206,246	1.14	915,126
USD:IDR	27,377	14,925.37	834,999
USD:NZD	1,906	1.60	58,133
HKD:RMB	379,119	0.88	1,473,087
AUD:USD	14,121	0.67	288,563
<u>Non-monetary items</u>			
INR:NTD	16,469,851	0.371582	\$ 6,119,802
THB:USD	1,677,954	0.029386	1,503,905
VND:USD	1,293,521,804	0.000043	1,696,454
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	150,994	30.50	\$ 4,605,317
USD:HKD	146,191	7.85	4,458,302
USD:AUD	16,393	1.49	499,987
USD:RMB	4,267	6.87	130,144
AUD:USD	2,390	0.67	48,840
USD:IDR	28,306	14,925.37	863,333
RMB:HKD	222,818	1.14	988,658
NTD:USD	47,054	0.03	47,054
RMB:IDR	12,732	2,171.56	56,264

December 31, 2022			
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	147,740	30.76	\$ 4,544,482
USD:HKD	48,357	7.80	1,487,426
USD:AUD	13,948	1.47	429,040
NZD:USD	20,468	0.63	396,645
RMB:HKD	1,096,128	1.12	4,835,781
USD:IDR	24,865	15,625.00	759,311
HKD:RMB	359,702	0.89	1,419,018
AUD:USD	11,527	0.68	241,108
<u>Non-monetary items</u>			
INR:NTD	15,830,035	0.371673	\$ 5,883,598
THB:USD	1,622,119	0.028927	1,443,353
VND:USD	1,245,029,252	0.000042	1,608,478
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	125,172	30.76	\$ 3,850,291
USD:HKD	194,088	7.80	5,970,006
USD:AUD	14,361	1.47	441,744
USD:RMB	2,808	6.97	86,374
USD:IDR	24,518	15,625.00	754,174
RMB:HKD	707,806	1.12	3,122,623
NTD:RMB	152,451	0.23	152,451
RMB:IDR	14,761	2,241.01	65,365

March 31, 2022			
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	125,970	28.68	\$ 3,612,820
USD:HKD	112,989	7.83	3,239,960
USD:AUD	12,700	1.34	364,173
AUD:NTD	5,789	21.45	124,168
NZD:USD	33,715	0.69	667,193
RMB:HKD	370,055	1.23	1,667,181
USD:IDR	25,451	14,285.71	729,935
HKD:RMB	285,108	0.81	1,044,268
RMB:IDR	2,931	0.75	63,046
<u>Non-monetary items</u>			
INR:USD	13,720,360	0.013192	\$ 5,190,146
THB:USD	1,624,005	0.030130	1,403,105
VND:USD	1,434,594,218	0.000044	1,810,028
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD:NTD	102,269	28.68	\$ 2,933,075
USD:HKD	298,766	7.83	8,567,115
USD:AUD	11,664	1.34	334,465
USD:IDR	20,910	14,285.71	599,699
RMB:HKD	345,473	1.23	1,556,433
NTD:RMB	208,292	0.22	208,292

- v. For the total exchange gain (loss), including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, please refer to Note 6(29).

vi. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

Three months ended March 31, 2023				
Sensitivity analysis				
	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	1%	\$ 59,801	\$	-
USD:AUD	1%	4,452		-
NZD:USD	1%	3,793		-
RMB:HKD	1%	9,151		-
USD:IDR	1%	8,350		-
USD:NZD	1%	581		-
HKD:RMB	1%	14,731		-
AUD:USD	1%	2,886		-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	1%	(\$ 46,053)	\$	-
USD:HKD	1%	(44,583)		-
USD:AUD	1%	(5,000)		-
USD:RMB	1%	(1,301)		-
AUD:USD	1%	(488)		-
USD:IDR	1%	(8,633)		-
RMB:HKD	1%	(9,887)		-
NTD:RMB	1%	(471)		-
RMB:IDR	1%	(563)		-

	Three months ended March 31, 2022			
	Sensitivity analysis			
	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	1%	\$ 36,128	\$	-
USD:HKD	1%	32,400		-
USD:AUD	1%	3,642		-
AUD:NTD	1%	1,242		-
NZD:USD	1%	6,672		-
RMB:HKD	1%	16,672		-
USD:IDR	1%	7,299		-
HKD:RMB	1%	10,443		-
RMB:IDR	1%	630		-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD:NTD	1%	(\$ 29,331)	\$	-
USD:HKD	1%	(85,671)		-
USD:AUD	1%	(3,345)		-
USD:IDR	1%	(5,997)		-
RMB:HKD	1%	(15,564)		-
NTD:RMB	1%	(2,083)		-

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity instruments, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage the price risk arising from investments in equity instruments, the Group diversifies its portfolio in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group primarily invests in equity instruments issued by domestic and foreign companies. The prices of equity instruments would be affected by the uncertainty of the future value of underlying investments. If the prices of these equity instruments had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$2,231 and \$20,652, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$305,583 and \$182,105, respectively, as a result of gains/losses from equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's interest rate risk arises mainly from short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. During for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in NTD, USD, and AUD.
- ii. The Group's borrowings are measured at amortised cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii. If the borrowing interest rates had increased/decreased by 0.25% with all other variables held constant, interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 would have decreased/increased by \$56,254 and \$40,243, respectively. The main factor is the changes in interest expense resulting from floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition after taking into consideration the historical experiences.
- iv. In accordance with historical collections and customers' credit rating levels, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over certain periods classified based on the credit rating of customers.
- v. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable and lease receivables in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the modified approach using loss rate method to estimate expected credit loss.
- vi. The Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights on those defaulted financial assets. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights.
- vii. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the

default possibility of notes receivable (including related parties), accounts receivable (including related parties), overdue receivables, and lease receivables. As of March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the assessment is as follows:

	Group provision	Individual provision				Total
		Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	
<u>At March 31, 2023</u>						
Expected loss rate	0.2%-0.3%	15%	50%	75%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 70,835,012	\$ 1,310,647	\$ 470,752	\$ 176,574	\$ 1,935,606	\$ 74,728,591
Loss allowance	(\$ 190,364)	(\$ 196,597)	(\$ 235,376)	(\$ 132,430)	(\$ 1,935,606)	(\$ 2,690,373)

	Group provision	Individual provision				Total
		Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	
<u>At December 31, 2022</u>						
Expected loss rate	0.2%-0.3%	15%	50%	75%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 79,383,464	\$ 1,474,604	\$ 293,201	\$ 196,516	\$ 1,857,845	\$ 83,205,630
Loss allowance	\$ 214,374	\$ 221,190	\$ 146,601	\$ 147,387	\$ 1,857,845	\$ 2,587,397

	Group provision	Individual provision				Total
		Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	
<u>At March 31, 2022</u>						
Expected loss rate	0.03%-0.3%	15%	50%	75%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 73,493,809	\$ 1,424,613	\$ 248,562	\$ 176,665	\$ 1,819,458	\$ 77,163,107
Loss allowance	\$ 108,514	\$ 213,801	\$ 124,281	\$ 132,499	\$ 1,819,458	\$ 2,398,553

viii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), overdue receivables, and lease receivables are as follows:

	2023			
	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivables	Total
At January 1	\$ 20,744	\$ 193,630	\$ 2,373,023	\$ 2,587,397
Provision for (reversal of) impairment loss	(400)	(23,968)	114,632	90,264
Write-offs	-	-	(81)	(81)
Effect of exchange rate changes	89	269	12,435	12,793
At March 31	<u>\$ 20,433</u>	<u>\$ 169,931</u>	<u>\$ 2,500,009</u>	<u>\$ 2,690,373</u>
	2022			
	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Overdue receivables	Total
At January 1	\$ 15,997	\$ 187,106	\$ 2,202,041	\$ 2,405,144
Provision for (reversal of) impairment loss	(931)	(43,981)	9,948	(34,964)
Write-offs	-	(54,818)	(4,352)	(59,170)
Effect of exchange rate changes	582	4,559	82,402	87,543
At March 31	<u>\$ 15,648</u>	<u>\$ 92,866</u>	<u>\$ 2,290,039</u>	<u>\$ 2,398,553</u>

(c) Liquidity risk

i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated

by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.

- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management is transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest-bearing demand deposits, time deposits, money market deposits, and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts.
- iii. The Group's derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities are classified into relevant maturity groups based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Except for those maturing within a year whose contractual undiscounted cash flows approximate the amounts presented in the balance sheet, the remaining contractual undiscounted cash flows of non-derivative financial liabilities are disclosed in the table below:

<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Over 1 year</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities:</u>			
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$ 157,057	\$ 467,049	\$ 624,106
Guarantee deposits received	-	167,802	167,802
Long-term borrowings	31,934	13,052,045	13,083,979

<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Over 1 year</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities:</u>			
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$ 185,810	\$ 426,999	\$ 612,809
Guarantee deposits received	-	190,167	190,167
Long-term borrowings	14,456,592	1,529,864	15,986,456

<u>March 31, 2022</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Over 1 year</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities:</u>			
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$ 223,984	\$ 179,168	\$ 403,152
Guarantee deposits received	-	170,959	170,959
Long-term borrowings	19,887	1,534,925	1,554,812

<u>March 31, 2023</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Over 1 year</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Derivative financial liabilities:</u>			
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 27	\$ -	\$ 27

<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Over 1 year</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Derivative financial liabilities:</u>			
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 4,484	\$ -	\$ 4,484

<u>March 31, 2022</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Over 1 year</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Derivative financial liabilities:</u>			
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 1,388	\$ -	\$ 1,388

- iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow

amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels in which the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks and derivative instruments is included in Level 2.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity instruments and private equity fund investment without active market is included in Level 3.

- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(13).

- C. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, current financial assets at amortised cost, non-current financial assets at amortised cost, other non-current assets-refundable deposits, other non-current assets-long-term notes and overdue receivables, other non-current assets-long-term lease receivables, short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, other current liabilities-refund liability, long-term borrowings, and other non-current liabilities-guarantee deposits received) are approximate to their fair values.

- D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

(a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

March 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 195,604	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 195,604
Private equity fund	-	-	27,531	27,531
Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	24,540,160	-	-	24,540,160
Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	1,196,242	118,100	4,703,830	6,018,172
	<u>\$25,932,006</u>	<u>\$ 118,100</u>	<u>\$ 4,731,361</u>	<u>\$30,781,467</u>
Liabilities:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 27</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 27</u>
December 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 181,682	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 181,682
Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	25,768,699	-	-	25,768,699
Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	1,106,876	108,598	4,467,763	5,683,237
	<u>\$27,057,257</u>	<u>\$ 108,598</u>	<u>\$ 4,467,763</u>	<u>\$31,633,618</u>
Liabilities:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,484</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,484</u>

March 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$ 217,874	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 217,874
Financial products	-	1,847,133	-	1,847,133
Forward exchange contracts	-	206	-	206
Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	11,423,519	-	-	11,423,519
Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	1,420,431	167,745	5,198,833	6,787,009
	<u>\$13,061,824</u>	<u>\$ 2,015,084</u>	<u>\$ 5,198,833</u>	<u>\$20,275,741</u>
Liabilities:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$ 1,388	\$ -	\$ 1,388

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

- i. For the instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1), listed shares are measured at closing price at the balance sheet date.
- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method, or other valuation methods, including calculation by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
- iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- iv. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, such as model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes

adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments in the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.

- v. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
 - vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	<u>Non-derivative equity instrument</u>	<u>Non-derivative equity instrument</u>
At January 1	\$ 4,467,763	\$ 4,790,889
Gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income		
Recorded as unrealised (losses) gains on valuation of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	236,269	407,172
Acquired in the period	27,531	-
Effect of exchange rate changes	(202)	772
At March 31	<u>\$ 4,731,361</u>	<u>\$ 5,198,833</u>

- G. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- H. Financial quality management segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable, in line with other resources, and represented as the exercisable price, frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model, and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- I. The following is the quantitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	<u>Fair value at March 31, 2023</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable input</u>	<u>Range (weighted average)</u>	<u>Relationship of inputs to fair value</u>
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 114,212	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	0.7	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Unlisted shares	4,589,618	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Private equity fund investment	<u>27,531</u>	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Total	<u>\$ 4,731,361</u>				

	<u>Fair value at December 31, 2022</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable input</u>	<u>Range (weighted average)</u>	<u>Relationship of inputs to fair value</u>
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 99,749	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	0.7	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Unlisted shares	<u>4,368,014</u>	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Total	<u>\$ 4,467,763</u>				

	<u>Fair value at March 31, 2022</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable input</u>	<u>Range (weighted average)</u>	<u>Relationship of inputs to fair value</u>
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 117,036	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	0.7	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Unlisted shares	<u>5,081,797</u>	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Total	<u>\$ 5,198,833</u>				

J. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, using different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorized within Level 3 if the inputs to valuation models have changed:

			March 31, 2023			
			Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income	
	Input	Change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
Financial assets						
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	± 10%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,421	(\$ 11,421)
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,171	(\$ 46,171)
			December 31, 2022			
			Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income	
	Input	Change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
Financial assets						
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	± 10%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,978	(\$ 9,978)
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,680	(\$ 43,680)
			March 31, 2022			
			Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income	
	Input	Change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
Financial assets						
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	± 10%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,704	(\$ 11,704)
Equity instrument	Net asset value	± 1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,818	(\$ 50,818)

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.

I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).

J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 6.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations, and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 7.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: None.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 9.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group operates in the distribution industry and is primarily engaged in the sale of 3C and semiconductor products. Given the characteristics of the industry the Group operates in, the Board of Directors and management team set up operating strategies and allocate resources based on the operating performance of IT/Telecom business and semiconductor business.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The chief operating decision-maker of the Group evaluates the performance of the operating segments based on the operating profit (loss). This measurement basis includes operating revenue achievement percentage, gross profit achievement percentage, operating income achievement percentage, etc. The chief operating decision-maker reviews the conditions of overspending or underspending monthly, so as to assess the rationality of resources depletion.

(3) Segment information

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

Three months ended March 31, 2023

	IT/Telecom business	Semiconductor business	Reconciliation	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 56,041,207	\$ 32,558,632	\$ -	\$ 88,599,839
Inter-segment revenue	5,195,916	3,914,498	(9,110,414)	-
Segment revenue	<u>\$ 61,237,123</u>	<u>\$ 36,473,130</u>	<u>(\$ 9,110,414)</u>	<u>\$ 88,599,839</u>
Segment profit	<u>\$ 1,502,120</u>	<u>\$ 563,353</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,065,473</u>

Three months ended March 31, 2022

	IT/Telecom business	Semiconductor business	Reconciliation	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 68,496,320	\$ 32,368,865	\$ -	\$ 100,865,185
Inter-segment revenue	6,647,797	2,726,970	(9,374,767)	-
Segment revenue	<u>\$ 75,144,117</u>	<u>\$ 35,095,835</u>	<u>(\$ 9,374,767)</u>	<u>\$ 100,865,185</u>
Segment profit	<u>\$ 1,803,365</u>	<u>\$ 491,571</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,294,936</u>

(4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

- A. Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. A reconciliation of reportable segment (loss) income and the income/(loss) before tax from continuing operations is provided as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Reportable segment profit	\$ 2,065,473	\$ 2,294,936
Total non-operating income and expenses	330,188	948,465
Income before tax	<u>\$ 2,395,661</u>	<u>\$ 3,243,401</u>

- B. The amounts provided to the chief operating decision-maker with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with those in the balance sheet, and the Group's reportable segment assets equalled to total assets, and thus the reconciliation is not required.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Loans to others
Three months ended March 31, 2023

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

No.	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the three months ended March 31, 2023	Balance at March 31, 2023	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	Footnote
					(Note 8)							Item	Value	a single party	granted		
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Other receivables	Y	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 212,019	1.75%~1.81%	(Note 1)	\$ -	Operating turnover	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 26,960,850	\$ 26,960,850	(Note 2)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	3,076,000	3,050,000	-	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	26,960,850	26,960,850	(Note 2)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	1,053,750	1,021,000	-	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	84,031,876	120,045,537	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	876,870	859,860	372,606	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	84,031,876	120,045,537	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	3,106,760	3,080,500	3,007,699	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	84,031,876	120,045,537	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	27,450,000	27,450,000	17,145,118	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	84,031,876	120,045,537	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Leveltech Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	1,538,000	1,525,000	205,418	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	84,031,876	120,045,537	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	12,304,000	12,200,000	3,166,388	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	84,031,876	120,045,537	(Note 3)
1	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Other receivables	Y	9,228,000	9,150,000	3,005,775	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	84,031,876	120,045,537	(Note 3)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	253,228	252,943	176,173	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,680,414	14,680,414	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	231,015	230,755	230,134	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,680,414	14,680,414	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	302,097	301,757	292,216	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,680,414	14,680,414	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex(Changsha) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	231,015	230,755	214,780	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,680,414	14,680,414	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	590,866	590,201	506,774	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,680,414	14,680,414	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	7,996,680	7,987,680	3,993,840	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,680,414	14,680,414	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	153,270	153,097	152,210	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,680,414	14,680,414	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	28,877	28,844	27,735	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,680,414	14,680,414	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	42,205	42,157	39,938	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,680,414	14,680,414	(Note 4)
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (ZhenZhou) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	35,541	35,501	34,170	1.65%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	14,680,414	14,680,414	(Note 4)

No.	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the three months ended March 31, 2023	Balance at March 31, 2023	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	Footnote
					(Note 8)	31, 2023							Item	Value			
2	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	\$ 22,213	\$ 22,188	\$ 13,313	1.65%	(Note 1)	\$ -	Operating turnover	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 14,680,414	\$ 14,680,414	(Note 4)
2	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	19,103,180	19,081,680	15,842,232	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	44,403,801	44,403,801	(Note 5)
3	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	4,442,600	4,437,600	963,677	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	44,403,801	44,403,801	(Note 5)
3	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	3,554,080	3,550,080	3,017,568	-	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	44,403,801	44,403,801	(Note 5)
4	E-Fan Investments CO., LTD.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Other receivables	Y	112,000	112,000	112,000	1.75%~1.81%	(Note 1)	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	115,597	115,597	(Note 6)

Note 1: Short-term financing.

Note 2: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Synnex Technology International Corporation and ceiling on total loans granted:

- Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of Synnex Technology International Corporation.
- Ceiling on total loans granted to all parties is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of Synnex Technology International Corporation.

Note 3: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Synnex Global Ltd. and ceiling on total loans granted:

- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company over 80% is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$120,045,537 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company under 80% is 20% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 5% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$120,045,537 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.
- Ceiling on loans granted to the Company's parent company and non-Taiwanese companies whose voting rights are directly and indirectly held by the Company's parent company is 100% of the net assets value based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 70% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$120,045,537 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.
- Ceiling on loans granted to Taiwanese subsidiaries which were wholly-owned by the Company's parent company is 10% of the net assets based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 10% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Global Ltd. amounted to \$120,045,537 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Note 4: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. and ceiling on total loans granted:

- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company over 80% is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$14,680,414 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company under 80% is 20% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 5% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$14,680,414 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose voting rights are directly or indirectly held by the Company and which are located outside Taiwan is 100% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 100% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$14,680,414 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Note 5: Limit on loans granted to a single party by Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. and ceiling on total loans granted:

- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company over 80% is 40% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The audited net assets value of Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. amounted to \$20,183,546 for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose shares held by the Company under 80% is 20% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 5% of the aforementioned net assets value. The audited net assets value of Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. amounted to \$20,183,546 for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- Ceiling on loans granted to parties whose voting rights are directly or indirectly held by the Company and which are located outside Taiwan is 220% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 220% of the aforementioned net assets value. The audited net assets value of Trade Vanguard Global Ltd. amounted to \$20,183,546 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Note 6: Limit on loans granted to a single party by E-Fan Investments CO., LTD. and ceiling on total loans granted:

- Ceiling on loans granted to the subsidiaries which were held by the Company over 80% equity interests is 40% of the net assets based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of E-Fan Investments CO., LTD. amounted to \$288,992 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.
- Ceiling on loans granted to the subsidiaries which were held by the Company less than 80% equity is 20% of the net assets based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 5% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of E-Fan Investments CO., LTD. amounted to \$288,992 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.
- Ceiling on loans granted to the Company's parent company and Taiwan subsidiaries whose equity were wholly held by the Company is 40% of the net assets based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company. Limit on loans granted to a single party is 40% of the aforementioned net assets value. The reviewed net assets value of E-Fan Investments CO., LTD. amounted to \$288,992 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Note 7: Translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate of US: NT=1:30.50.

Note 8: The limit on loans balance are resolved by the Board of Directors.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Three months ended March 31, 2023

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number	Endorser/ guarantor	Company name	Party being endorsed/guaranteed	Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of March 31, 2023	Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount at March 31, 2023	Actual amount drawn down	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 1)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China	Footnote
			Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor											
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	\$ 67,402,126	\$ 27,324,350	\$ 27,297,500	\$ 605,396	\$ -	40%	\$ 134,804,252	Y	N	N	(Note 1)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	67,402,126	10,536,322	10,280,680	1,814,485	-	15%	134,804,252	Y	N	N	(Note 1)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	67,402,126	17,580,200	17,580,200	5,781,799	-	26%	134,804,252	Y	N	N	(Note 1)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	67,402,126	1,216,288	1,194,916	649,737	-	2%	134,804,252	Y	N	N	(Note 1)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	67,402,126	2,400,000	2,400,000	164,922	-	4%	134,804,252	Y	N	N	(Note 1)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	67,402,126	22,258,900	22,258,900	1,308,011	-	33%	134,804,252	Y	N	N	(Note 1)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	67,402,126	2,368,520	2,348,500	1,263,536	-	3%	134,804,252	Y	N	Y	(Note 1)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Leveltech Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	67,402,126	430,640	427,000	150,843	-	1%	134,804,252	Y	N	N	(Note 1)
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	67,402,126	1,538,000	1,525,000	-	-	2%	134,804,252	Y	N	N	(Note 1)
1	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	B. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	14,680,410	2,665,560	2,662,560	-	-	18%	14,680,410	N	N	Y	(Note 2)
2	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	D. The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed /guaranteed subsidiary.	1,534,790	1,027,406	995,475	-	-	649%	1,534,790	N	N	N	(Note 3)

Note 1: Endorser/ guarantor: Synnex Technology International Corporation

a) Limit on endorsements and guarantees provided for a single party is 100% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company.

b) Ceiling on total endorsements and guarantees provided for all parties is 200% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of the Company.

Note 2: Endorser/ guarantor: Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. The audited net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$14,680,410 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

a) Limit on endorsements and guarantees provided for a single party is 100% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$14,680,410 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

b) Ceiling on total endorsements and guarantees provided for all parties is 100% of the net assets value per the latest audited or reviewed financial statements of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.. The reviewed net assets value of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. amounted to \$14,680,410 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Note 3: Endorser/ guarantor: Golden Thinking Ltd.. The audited net assets value of Golden Thinking Ltd. amounted to \$153,479 for the year ended December31, 2022.

a) Limit on endorsements and guarantees provided for a single party is 1000% of the net assets value per the latest audited financial statements of Golden Thinking Ltd.. The audited net assets value of Golden Thinking Ltd. amounted to \$153,479 for the year ended December31, 2022.

b) Ceiling on total endorsements and guarantees provided for all parties is 1000% of the net assets value per the latest audited financial statements of Golden Thinking Ltd.. The audited net assets value of Golden Thinking Ltd. amounted to \$153,479 for the year ended December31, 2022.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures)

March 31, 2023

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account	As of March 31, 2023				Footnote
				Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Lien Hwa Industrial Holdings Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,170,310	<u>\$ 121,537</u>	0.15%	<u>\$ 121,537</u>	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	UPC Technology Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	68,992,033	\$ 993,485	5.09%	\$ 993,485	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Mitac Information Technology Corporation	The issuer's director is the same as the Company's chairperson	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	8,262,486	114,212	5.51%	114,212	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Tong Da Investment Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,848,125	118,100	19.99%	118,100	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Mitac Incorporated	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	74,763,853	4,389,437	18.39%	4,389,437	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Harbinger Venture Capital Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	25,848	-	13.05%	-	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Harbinger III Venture Capital Corporation	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's director	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	19,000	443	19.00%	443	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Lien Yuan Investment Corp.	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's director	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	9,217,196	126,921	19.99%	126,921	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Taiwan Paging Network Inc.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,450,000	-	3.58%	-	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Digitimes Inc.	The Company is the issuer's director	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	504,000	8,471	2.50%	8,471	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Harbinger Capital Management Co., Ltd.	The issuer's chairperson is the same as the Company's chairperson	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	862,922	<u>16,504</u>	19.99%	<u>16,504</u>	
Total					<u>\$ 5,767,573</u>		<u>\$ 5,767,573</u>	

Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account	As of March 31, 2023				Footnote
				Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Jetwell Computer Co., Ltd.	Bestcom Infotech Corp. is the issuer's director	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,254,524	\$ 202,757	8.34%	\$ 202,757	
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Inforcom Technology Inc.	Bestcom Infotech Corp. is the issuer's director	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,765,424	<u>23,226</u>	10.01%	<u>23,226</u>	
Total					<u>\$ 225,983</u>		<u>\$ 225,983</u>	
Synnex Global Ltd.	Budworth Investment Ltd.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	125,807	\$ -	13.83%	\$ -	
Synnex Global Ltd.	Pilot View Ltd.	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	84,457	<u>-</u>	1.21%	<u>-</u>	
Total					<u>\$ -</u>		<u>\$ -</u>	
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Hi Food Co., Ltd	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,150,000	<u>\$ 24,616</u>	10.00%	<u>\$ 24,616</u>	
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Listed common stock	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	<u>\$ 74,067</u>	0.51%	<u>\$ 74,067</u>	
Peer Developments Ltd.	TD Synnex Corporation	None	Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,859,888	\$ 11,394,756	4.09%	\$ 11,394,756	
Peer Developments Ltd.	Concentrix Corporation	None	Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,545,840	<u>13,145,404</u>	6.81%	<u>13,145,404</u>	
Total					<u>\$ 24,540,160</u>		<u>\$ 24,540,160</u>	
Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Guangdong Yigao Youwu Enterprise Management Consulting Partnership Private Equity Fund	None	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	<u>\$ 27,531</u>	-	<u>\$ 27,531</u>	

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Three months ended March 31, 2023

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction				Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Footnote
			Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	(Sales)	(\$ 1,136,324)	(7%)	60 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	\$ 208,309	2%	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	Purchases	3,735,167	27%	60 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(309,486)	(7%)	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	Purchases	475,382	3%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(18,690)	-	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	Purchases	102,476	1%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(35,124)	(1%)	
Seper Technology Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	(Sales)	(475,382)	(32%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	18,690	7%	
Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	(Sales)	(102,476)	(49%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	35,124	45%	
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	An affiliate	(Sales)	(1,174,646)	(12%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	457,279	10%	
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	An affiliate	(Sales)	(1,762,137)	(17%)	90 days after receipt of goods	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	741,640	17%	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	(Sales)	(3,735,167)	(13%)	60 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	309,486	2%	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	An affiliate	(Sales)	(102,507)	-	60 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	128,844	1%	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	Purchases	1,136,324	6%	60 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(208,309)	(2%)	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	An affiliate	Purchases	1,174,646	6%	30 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(457,279)	(5%)	

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction				Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Footnote
			Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Mitac Computing Technology Corporation	Other related party	(Sales)	(\$ 791,720)	(3%)	120 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	\$ 815,292	6%	
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	An affiliate	Purchases	1,762,137	12%	90 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(741,640)	(26%)	
PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia	PT. Mitra Integrasi Informatika	Other related party	(Sales)	(363,683)	(6%)	30 days	Standard selling price and collection terms	Insignificant difference	282,887	7%	
LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Syntech Asia Ltd.	An affiliate	Purchases	102,507	11%	60 days	Standard purchasing price and payment terms	Insignificant difference	(128,844)	(17%)	

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
March 31, 2023

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at March 31, 2023	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
					Amount	Action taken		
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	\$ 251,254	6.58	\$ -	-	\$ 208,309	\$ -
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd	Indirect wholly-owned subsidiary	297,693	-	-	-	-	-
Synnex Global Ltd.	King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	284,175	-	-	-	-	-
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Parent company	309,486	9.27	-	-	309,486	-
Syntech Asia Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	An affiliate	128,844	9.27	-	-	71,953	-
Syntech Asia Ltd.	Mitac Computing Technology Corporation	Other related party	815,292	9.27	-	-	338,997	-
Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	An affiliate	257,634	-	-	-	6,989	-
Laser Computer (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	285,462	-	-	-	-	-
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	An affiliate	462,504	5.39	-	-	462,504	-
Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	An affiliate	885,083	5.39	-	-	475,694	-
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Direct wholly-owned subsidiary	661,201	-	-	-	-	-
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	An affiliate	1,473,049	-	-	-	-	-
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd.	An affiliate	258,467	-	-	-	258,467	-
LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	An affiliate	127,015	-	-	-	51,252	-

Note : Refer to table 1 for the details of the accounts receivable arising from loans to others.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Three months ended March 31, 2023

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship	General ledger account	Transaction		Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 2)
					Amount	Transaction terms	
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Parent company to directly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	\$ 1,136,324	The same with third parties	1%
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Parent company to directly wholly-owned subsidiary	Accounts receivable	208,309	The same with third parties	-
0	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Parent company to directly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	42,945	Note 4	-
1	Seper Technology Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to parent company	Sales	475,382	The same with third parties	1%
2	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to parent company	Sales	102,476	The same with third parties	-
3	Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	297,693	Note 4	-
3	Synnex Global Ltd.	King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	284,175	-	-
4	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to parent company	Sales	3,735,167	The same with third parties	4%
4	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Synnex Technology International Corporation	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to parent company	Accounts receivable	309,486	The same with third parties	-
4	Syntech Asia Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	102,507	The same with third parties	-
4	Syntech Asia Ltd.	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Accounts receivable	128,844	The same with third parties	-
5	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	257,634	-	-
6	Laser Computer (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to directly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	285,462	-	-
7	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	1,762,137	The same with third parties	2%
7	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Accounts receivable	741,640	The same with third parties	-
7	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	143,443	-	-
7	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to directly wholly-owned subsidiary	Sales	1,174,646	The same with third parties	1%

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship	Transaction			Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 2)
				General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	
7	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Directly wholly-owned subsidiary to directly wholly-owned subsidiary	Accounts receivable	\$ 457,279	The same with third parties	-
8	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	661,201	-	-
9	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	258,467	Note 4	-
9	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to directly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	1,473,049	-	1%
10	LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary to indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary	Other receivables	127,015	-	-

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1)Parent company is ‘0’.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from ‘1’.

Note 2: Percentage of total consolidated revenues or total assets is calculated using the total consolidated assets at the end of the period when the subject of transaction is an asset/liability, and is calculated using total consolidated revenues during the period when the subject of transaction is a revenue/expense.

Note 3: It is not disclosed for individual transaction below \$100 million.

Note 4: It was the Company’s technical service receivable from related parties.

Note 5: For information relating to receivables from related parties arising on financing, please refer to table 1 Loans to others.

Note 6: For information relating to endorsements and guarantees between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to table 2 Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investees
Three months ended March 31, 2023

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at March 31, 2023			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the three months ended March 31, 2023	Investment income(loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2023	Footnote
				Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Global Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	\$ 17,607,381	\$ 17,607,381	548,250,000	100.00	\$ 120,045,537	\$ 764,124	\$ 764,124	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of 3C products	1,677,762	1,677,762	103,203,296	100.00	1,967,655	20,500	20,500	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	E-Fan Investments CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Investment holding	1,145,384	1,145,384	22,500,000	100.00	288,992	6,904	6,904	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Taiwan	Warehouse and logistics services	50,000	50,000	5,000,000	100.00	122,096	16,501	16,501	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Seper Technology Corporation	Taiwan	Sales of 3C products	1,426	1,426	100,000	100.00	23,880	20,449	20,449	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synergy Technology Services Corporation	Taiwan	Maintenance and technical services	100,000	1,000	10,000,000	100.00	99,972 (	15) (	15)	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Syntech Asia Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sales of semiconductor products	43,474	43,474	300,000	100.00	481,644	208,887	208,887	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. and its subsidiaries	Hong Kong	Sales of 3C products	290,107	290,107	60,000,000	100.00	611,877	149,905	149,905	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia	Indonesia	Sales of 3C products	3,038,867	3,038,867	150,000	50.00	2,530,302	209,514	104,757	
Synnex Technology International Corporation	Redington (India) Ltd.	India	Sales of 3C products	11,995,229	11,995,229	188,591,880	24.13	6,119,892	1,108,178	234,993	
E-Fan Investments CO., LTD.	Leveltech Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sales of semiconductor products	15,407	15,407	300,000	100.00	29,606	6,523	-	Note 1
Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Synergy Intellingent Logistics (HK) Corporation	Hong Kong	Warehouse and logistics services	7,338	7,338	1,500,000	100.00	7,399	100	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	King's Eye Investments Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	1,905,549	1,905,549	62,477,000	100.00	10,224,540	301,824	-	Note 1

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at March 31, 2023			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the three months ended March 31, 2023	Investment income(loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2023	Footnote
				Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex China Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	\$ 3,056,100	\$ 3,056,100	100,200,000	100.00	\$ 11,683,310	\$ 438,939	\$ -	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Mauritius Ltd.	Mauritius	Investment holding	31	732,000	1,000	100.00	27,118	(44,163)	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Peer Developments Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	954,650	954,650	30,200,001	100.00	24,958,125	101,527	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Trade Vanguard Global Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	19,825,000	19,825,000	650,000,000	100.00	20,185,259	1,722	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Laser Computer Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding	1,123,834	1,123,834	36,850,001	100.00	588,387	-	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia	Sales of 3C products	905,393	905,393	233,250,000	100.00	6,026,534	167,397	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex Australia Pty. Ltd.	Australia	Sales of 3C products	5,104,938	5,181,188	-	0.00	5,104,938	-	-	Note 2
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	New Zealand	Sales of 3C products	31,171	31,171	1,500,000	100.00	170,446	1,903	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex New Zealand Ltd.	New Zealand	Sales of 3C products	191,083	193,218	-	0.00	191,083	-	-	Note 2
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.	Thailand	Sales of 3C products	274,669	274,669	338,939,513	40.00	1,503,905	126,448	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company	Vietnam	Sales of 3C products	920,862	920,862	55,854,748	47.36	1,696,454	138,805	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Fortune Ideal Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real estate	56,339	56,339	14,500,000	100.00	218,465	5,066	-	Note 1
King's Eye Investments Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real estate	108,793	108,793	28,000,000	100.00	161,817	8,492	-	Note 1
Synnex Global Ltd.	Golden Thinking Ltd.	Hong Kong	Real estate	1,037,323	1,052,817	-	0.00	1,037,323	-	-	Note 2
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	China	Investment holding	9,824,050	9,824,050	-	0.00	9,824,050	-	-	Note 2
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	China	Sales of 3C products	4,681,750	4,681,750	-	0.00	4,681,750	-	-	Note 2

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at March 31, 2023			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the three months ended March 31, 2023	Investment income(loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2023	Footnote
				Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
Synnex Global Ltd.	Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	China	Sales of semiconductor products and Warehouse and logistics services	\$ 1,006,500	\$ 1,006,500	-	0.00	\$ 1,006,500	\$ -	\$ -	Note 2
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Bizwave Tech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retailing of computer software and hardware. Accreditaion and consulting services.	19,940	19,940	2,000,000	100.00	26,155	1,007	-	Note 1
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	Asgard System, Inc.	Taiwan	Wholesale of computer software and hardware. Computer information system planning, analysis and design.	19,956	19,956	2,400,000	20.00	27,840 (	7,020)	-	Note 1
Bestcom Infotech Corp.	I-Direction Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retailing of computers. Information system provider.	8,000	8,000	800,000	40.00	-	-	-	Note 1

Note 1: Investment income (loss) is not disclosed as the profit or loss of the investees of the Company's directly wholly-owned subsidiaries was recognised by each investor company.

Note 2: The investment amount is an amount for long-term investment.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investments in Mainland China

Three months ended March 31, 2023

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital (Note 10)	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated	Amount remitted from Taiwan		Accumulated	Net income of investee for the three months ended March 31, 2023	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of March 31, 2023	Accumulated	Footnote
				amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2023	to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the three months ended March 31, 2023 (Note 10)		amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of March 31, 2023			(loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2023 (Note 3)		amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of March 31, 2023	
					Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan							
Laser International Trading (Shanghai) Company Ltd.	International trade	\$ 30,500	2	\$ 30,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,500	\$ 24,981	100.00	\$ 24,981	\$ 127,012	\$ -	(Note 2)
Hi Food (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of food	610,000	2	54,900	-	-	54,900	-	10.00	-	54,900	-	(Note 4)
Synnex Investments (China) Ltd.	Investment holding	6,100,000	2	6,100,000	-	-	6,100,000	663,675	100.00	663,675	14,680,414	-	(Note 2)
Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	10,065,000	2	10,065,000	-	-	10,065,000	470,275	100.00	470,275	16,128,599	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd.	Sales of semiconductor products and warehouse and logistics services	671,000	2	671,000	-	-	671,000	60,654	100.00	60,654	1,161,977	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Beijing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	274,500	2	274,500	-	-	274,500	(3,636)	100.00	(3,636)	229,789	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	152,500	2	152,500	-	-	152,500	(348)	100.00	(348)	184,986	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	152,500	2	152,500	-	-	152,500	471	100.00	471	176,046	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	91,500	2	91,500	-	-	91,500	161	100.00	161	109,400	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Tianjin) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	137,250	2	137,250	-	-	137,250	(931)	100.00	(931)	83,948	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Hangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	152,500	2	152,500	-	-	152,500	756	100.00	756	164,557	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Qingdao) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	152,500	2	152,500	-	-	152,500	6	100.00	6	137,233	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Guangzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	366,000	2	366,000	-	-	366,000	57	100.00	57	353,429	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Xi'an) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	122,000	2	122,000	-	-	122,000	1,835	100.00	1,835	140,787	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Suzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	183,000	2	183,000	-	-	183,000	759	100.00	759	168,178	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Wuhan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	152,500	2	152,500	-	-	152,500	729	100.00	729	149,389	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Jinan) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	152,500	2	152,500	-	-	152,500	5,600	100.00	5,600	192,842	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Zhengzhou) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	152,500	2	152,500	-	-	152,500	(223)	100.00	(223)	137,151	-	(Note 6)
Synnex (Changsha) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	122,000	2	122,000	-	-	122,000	(190)	100.00	(190)	63,492	-	(Note 2)
Synnex (Hefei) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	186,050	2	186,050	-	-	186,050	2,389	100.00	2,389	128,144	-	(Note 6)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital (Note 10)	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2023	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the three months ended March 31, 2023 (Note 10)		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of March 31, 2023	Net income of investee for the three months ended March 31, 2023	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended ended March 31, 2023 (Note 3)	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of March 31, 2023	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of March 31, 2023	Footnote
				Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan								
Synnex (Nanchang) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	\$ 122,000	2	\$ 122,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$122,000	(\$2,263)	100.00	(\$2,263)	\$ 1,545	\$ -	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Harbing) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	152,500	2	152,500	-	-	152,500	\$610	100.00	610	7,185	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex (Xiamen) Ltd.	Warehouse and logistics services	183,000	2	183,000	-	-	183,000	1,816	100.00	1,816	141,004	-	(Note 2) (Note 6)
Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd.	Sales of 3C products	226,318	2	-	-	-	-	4,936	100.00	4,936	292,459	-	(Note 2) (Note 7)
LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd.	Sales of semiconductor products	143,350	2	6,100	137,250	-	143,350	2,346	100.00	2,346	324,352	-	(Note 2) (Note 8)
Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation	Warehouse and logistics services	221,880	2	221,880	-	-	221,880	3,728	100.00	3,728	238,836	-	(Note 6) (Note 11)
				<u>\$ 20,156,680</u>	<u>\$ 137,250</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 20,293,930</u>						

Note 1: Investment methods are classsified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:
(1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
(2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
(3) Others.

Note 2: Indirect investment in PRC through existing companies located in the third area. Partial capital of Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd. and Synnex (Shenyang) Ltd. were invested by indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, and total membership contributions are US\$1,500 and US\$3,000 thousand, respectively. Due to the Company’s restructuring in November 2008, the entire capital of Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd., Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd., Synnex (Beijing) Ltd., Synnex (Nanjing) Ltd. and Synnex (Chengdu) Ltd., amounting to US\$13,000, US\$22,000, US\$9,000, US\$1,000 and US\$2,000 thousand, respectively, was changed to be owned by Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Total membership contribution is USD\$47,000 thousand.

Note 3: Investment income (loss) of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd., Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd., Synnex (Shanghai) Ltd., and Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd. recognised by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2022 were recognised based on the financial statements which were reviewed by independent auditors while the others were recognised based on the investees’ financial statements which were not reviewed by the investees’ independent auditors.

Note 4: Laser International Trading (Shanghai) Company Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Groupware Solutions Ltd., which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. Synnex Technology International (HK) Ltd. is an direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$1,000 thousand.

Note 5: Hi Food (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is a 10% owned invested company of Hi Food Co., Ltd. Hi Food Co., Ltd. is 10% indirectly owned by the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$1,800 thousand.

Note 6: Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex China Holdings Ltd. Synnex China Holdings Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$200,000 thousand. Additionally, Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. reinvested in other subsidiaries in Mainland China. Total membership contribution is translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate of US\$1:NT\$30.5.

Note 7: Synnex Technology Development (Beijing) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is RMB\$50,000 thousand.

Note 8: LianXiang Technology (Shenzhen) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Peer Developments Ltd. Peer Developments Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is US\$4,700 thousand.

Note 9: Synnex Distributions (China) Ltd. is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is USD\$100,000 thousand.

Note 10: Translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rates of US\$1:NT30.5 and RMB\$1:NT\$4.4376.

Note 11: Jifu Intelligent Logistics Corporation is a 100% owned subsidiary of Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. Synnex Investments (China) Ltd. is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Total membership contribution is RMB\$50,000 thousand.

Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of March 31, 2023	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA
Synnex Technology International Corporation(Note)	\$ 20,293,930	\$ 24,723,300	\$ 41,967,949

Note: The ceiling is calculated based on the Tai-Tsai-Tseng (1) Letter No. 006130 issued by the Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance, Executive Yuan (90), effective November 16, 2001.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Major shareholders information

March 31, 2023

Table 9

Name of major shareholders	Shares	
	Number of shares held	Shareholding ratio
Mitac Incorporated	260,521,054	15.61%
Independent accounts securities investment trust fund of Cathay MSCI Taiwan ESG Sustainability High Dividend Yield ETF (umbrella fund) entrusted to Taishin International Bank	116,740,000	6.99%

Note 1: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.

The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of a different calculation basis.

Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were held in trust by the shareholders, the data disclosed is the settlor's separate account for the fund set by the trustee.

As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio is greater than 10% in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, the shares include the self-owned shares and shares held in trust, and at the same time, the shareholder has the power to decide how to allocate the trust assets.

The information on the reported share equity of insider is provided in the "Market Observation Post System".