Synnex Technology International Corp. 2024 General Shareholders' Meeting Minute

Agenda for 2024 General Shareholders' Meeting of Synnex Technology International Corp.

- I. Time: May 31, 2024 (Friday) 9:00 am
- II. Location: 1F, No. 209, Section 1, Nangang Road, Taipei City Meeting called to order
- III. Convening Method: Physical shareholders' meeting
- IV. Total outstanding Synnex shares: 1,667,946,968 shares
- V. Total shares represented by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 1,470,578,505 shares Percentage of shares held by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 88.16%
- VI. Chairman: Miau Feng-Chiang
- VII. Recorder: Lin Shu-Chen
- VIII. Directors present: Miau Feng-Chiang \ Tu Shu-Wu \ Yang Hsiang-Yun \ Chou Teh-Chien \ Tu Shu-Chyuan \ Miau Scott Matthew
- IX. Independent Directors present: Yeh Kuang-Shih . Shen Ling-Long
- X. Attendees: Lawyer Yeh Chien-Ting Accountants Huang Shih-Chun (Yeh Tsui-Miao represented)
- XI. Announcement to start meeting
- XII. Chairman's Statements (omitted)

XIII. Reports

No. 1

Agenda: The Company's 2023 business report is hereby submitted for

inspection.

Description: Please refer to Attachment 1.

No. 2

Agenda: The Audit Committee's review of the Company's 2023 financial

statements is hereby submitted for inspection.

Description: Please refer to Attachment 2 and 3.

No. 3

Agenda:

The report on the Company's 2023 distribution of remuneration to employees and directors is hereby submitted for inspection.

Description:

- (I) According to Article 38 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company's profit before tax of the year before deducting remuneration to employees and directors and after making up for losses should be applied towards distributing remuneration to employees for an amount not exceeding 10% and not less than 0.01% of the balance, and to directors for an amount not more than 1% of the balance.
- (II) It is hereby proposed that for the year 2023 NT\$0.9 million (approximately 0.01%) in employee remuneration and NT\$9 million (approximately 0.1%) in directors' remuneration should be distributed, both of which will be paid in cash.

No. 4

Agenda:

The report on the 2023 distribution of cash dividends from earnings is hereby submitted for inspection.

Description:

- (I) This proposal is based on Article 38-1 of the Articles of Incorporation which authorizes the Board of Directors to resolve to distribute all or part of the dividends and bonus in cash, and report to the shareholders' meeting.
- (II) A cash dividend of NT\$5,003,840,904 is distributed to shareholders at NT\$3.0 per share. The cash dividend will be paid up to NT\$1, and the amounts below NT\$1 will be rounded off. The total amount of dividends distributed to fractional shares less than NT\$1 will be included in the Company's other income.
- (III) This proposal has been approved by the Board of Directors and the Chairman of the Board is authorized to set the ex-dividend base date, distribution date and other related matters; thereafter, if the number of common shares in circulation of the Company changes, resulting in a change in the payout ratio, the Chairman of the Board is also fully authorized to make adjustments.

XIV. Ratifications

No. 1 (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Agenda: The Company's 2023 financial statements are hereby submitted for

ratification.

Description:

(I) The Company's 2023 business report and financial report have been approved by the Board of Directors and sent to the Audit Committee which has completed the review procedures. For relevant information, please refer to Attachments 1 and 3.

(II) Please ratify.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,462,389,458

Voting Results (including votes casted electronically)	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor: 1,329,392,699 votes	90.90%
Votes against: 703,821 votes	0.04%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 132,292,938 votes	9.04%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

No. 2 (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Agenda: The Company's 2023 earnings distribution is hereby submitted for

ratification.

Description: (I) The Company's 2023 earnings distribution has been approved by the Board of Directors and sent to the Audit Committee

which has completed the review procedures. Please refer to

Attachment 4. (II) Please ratify.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,462,389,458

Voting Results (including votes casted electronically)	% of the total represented share present			
Votes in favor: 1,331,775,950 votes	91.06%			
Votes against: 215,390 votes	0.01%			
Votes invalid: none	0.00%			
Votes abstained: 130,398,118 votes	8.91%			

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

XV. Discussions

No. 1 (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Agenda: Proposed amendment to certain clauses of the Articles of

Incorporation is submitted for approval.

Description: (I) Proposed amendment to certain clauses of the Articles of Incorporation is prepared in accordance with the actual requirements of the Company. For Comparison Table of

Amended Clauses, please refer to Attachment 5.

(II) Please resolve.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,462,389,458

Voting Results (including votes casted electronically)	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor: 1,331,344,775 votes	91.03%
Votes against: 457,751 votes	0.03%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 130,586,932 votes	8.92%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

No. 2 (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Proposed amendment to certain clauses of the Procedure for Agenda:

Derivatives Trading of the Company is submitted for approval.

Description:

(I) Proposed amendment to certain clauses of the Procedure for **Derivatives Trading of the Company is prepared in accordance** with the actual requirements of the Company. Comparison Table of Amended Clauses, please refer to Attachment 6.

(II) Please resolve.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,462,389,458

Voting Results (including votes casted electronically)	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor: 1,272,762,314 votes	87.03%
Votes against: 59,027,347 votes	4.03%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 130,599,797 votes	8.93%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

(Proposed by Board of Directors) No. 3

Proposed amendment to certain clauses of the Rules of Procedure for Agenda:

Shareholders' Meetings are submitted for approval.

(I) Referencing the Taiwan Stock Exchange's letter Taiwan Stock **Description:** Exchange Governance No. 1120004167 dated March 17, 2023, it is hereby proposed that a portion of the Company's "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings" be revised, please refer

> to Attachment 7. (II) Please resolve.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,462,389,458

Voting Results (including votes casted electronically)	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor: 1,313,897,577 votes	89.84%
Votes against: 16,930,749 votes	1.15%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 131,561,132 votes	8.99%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

XVI. Elections

To re-elect the directors, please vote. (Proposed by the Board of Agenda:

Directors)

The term of office of the Company's current directors will **Description:** (I)

expire on July 19, 2024, and a re-election is to be conducted at

the 2024 annual shareholders' meeting.

- (II) There are 9 directors, of which 3 are independent directors, to be re-elected on this occasion. Elected directors will take office on the date of election for a term of 3 years, from May 31, 2024 to May 30, 2027.
- (III) The election of directors for the current term will be conducted in accordance with Article 21 of the Articles of Association of the Company and Article 192-1 of the Company Act. All candidates will be selected through the nomination system. The list of director candidates has been reviewed and approved by the Company's Board of Directors on March 13, 2024. For relevant information, please refer to Attachment 8.
- (IV) Please vote.

Election result:

Director:

Number	Name	Votes Received	
INGILIDEI		votes neceived	
249508	Mei-Feng Investment Corporation	1 906 692 041	
249508	Representative: Miau, Matthew Feng Chiang	1,896,682,941	
99	Tu Shu-Wu	1,314,825,149	
2	Mitac Inc.	1 245 007 240	
2	Representative: Chou The-Chien	1,245,887,248	
100264	Tsu Fung Investment Corp.	1 217 210 041	
100264	Representative: Yang Hsiang-Yun	1,217,318,041	
10225	Hong Ding Investments Corp.	1 100 001 040	
18325	Representative: Tu Shu-Chyuan	1,190,091,049	
170050	Y.S. Education Foundation	1 161 774 565	
170858	Representative: Scott-Matthew Miau	1,161,774,565	

Independent Director:

Number	Name	Votes Received
A12200****	Chung Hui-Min	969,906,544
X10000****	Shen Ling-Long	960,159,638
A10294***	Hsuan Chien-Shen	937,671,296

XVII. Miscellaneous

Agenda: Please resolve to release directors of the Company from non-

competition restrictions. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Description: (I) As the directors of the Company may invest in or manage other companies with the same or similar business scope and concurrently serve as directors, it is hereby proposed that, without prejudice to the interests of the Company, the shareholders' meeting be requested to approve the release of

directors of the Company from non-competition restrictions in accordance with Article 209 of the Company Act. If the representative of an institutional director has been reassigned, the same shall apply to the new representative.

(II) The contents of the non-competition restrictions from which newly re-elected directors are to be released are as follows:

Category	Director	Details of serving as director and
Category	Director	manager in other companies
Director	Mei-Feng	Lien Hwa Industrial Holdings Corp.
	Investment	UPC Technology Corp.
	Corporation	MiTAC Holdings Corp.
	Representative :	MiTAC Inc.
	Miau, Matthew	Getac Holdings Corporation
	Feng Chiang	Cathay Financial Holdings
Director	Tu Shu-Wu	SEPER TECHNOLOGY Corp.
		BestCom Infotech Corp.
		E-Fan Investments Co., Ltd.
		SYNERGY INTELLIEGNT LOGISTICS Corp.
		Synergy Intelligent Technology Co.,Ltd.
		Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.
		PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia
Director	MiTAC Inc.	MiTAC Information Technology Corp.
		MiTAC Holdings Corp.
		Ares International Corporation
		Far Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co.,
		Ltd.
		EASYCARD Corporation •
Director	MiTAC Inc.	MiTAC Information Technology Corp.
	Representative:	Getac Holdings Corporation
	Chou The-Chien	Waffer Technology Corp.
		Concentrix Corporation
Director	Tsu Fung	MiTAC Inc.
	Investment Corp.	ROMISE Technology, Inc.
Director	Tsu Fung	Ares International Corporation
	Investment Corp.	MiTAC Inc.
	Representative:	JIAN FOODS INCORPORATION
	Yang Hsiang-Yun	
Director	Hong Ding	BESTCOM Infotech Corp.
	Investments	Bizwave Tech Co., Ltd.
	Corp.	Synergy Intelligent Technology Co.,Ltd.
	Representative :	INFORCOM TECHNOLOGY INC.
	Tu Shu-Chyuan	ASGARD SYSTEM, INC.
	i u Silu-Cilyudii	JETWELL COMPUTER CO., LTD.
		NUVOTON TECHNOLOGY
		CORPORATION
		DIGITIMES INC.

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		SEPER TECHNOLOGY Corp.
		Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd.
		Redington Ltd.
		Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company
		PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia
Director	Y.S. Education	MiTAC Inc.
	Foundation	MiTAC Information Technology Corp.
	Representative :	MiTAC Hikari Corp.
	Scott-Matthew	Mei-Feng Investment Corporation
	Miau	Lienhwa United LPG
	TVIIGG	MiTAC Advance Technology Corp.
Independent	Hsuan Chien-	TPV Technology Co., Ltd.
Director	Shen	Standard Foods Co., Ltd.
		Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.
		Shanghai Le Bonta Wellness Co., Ltd.
		Shanghai New Vitality Health
		Technology (Group) Co., Ltd.

(III) Please resolve.

Resolution: Voting Results: Shares represented at the time of voting: 1,462,389,458

Voting Results (including votes casted electronically)	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor: 1,181,953,685 votes	80.82%
Votes against: 113,649,542 votes	7.77%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 166,786,231votes	11.40%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

XVIII. Extraordinary Motions

Shareholder Question: (Shareholder No. 309514)

Looking forward to the possible wave of AI PC replacements, how will company managment lay out of plans? Changes of China's market and how to deep the market in Southeast Asia? Will the above deployment of resources effect of the Company's cash dividend and the cap rate of cash dividend allotment? Based on the above considerations, will the company improve in the future?

Company Response:

AI PC should be able to drive the next wave of replacements, and it also needs to pair with software and cloud. It will be better for our company. Currently, we invest in Southeast Asia include India, Indonesia, Vietnam and Thailand. Last year, cash dividend payout was higher than 100% of distributable earnings. Basically,

we will still keep maintaining a stable dividend payment ratio, because last year's revenue was nearly NT\$400 billion and we need to maintain a sufficient cash flow rate, so the cash dividend payout ratio will remain at 60%.

XIX. Meeting adjourned

(Note: The content of the speech recorded in the Annual General Meeting minutes is a summary. The actual situation of the speech is subject to the on-site video and audio recording.)

Business Report

In 2023, the world has slowly eased itself from the COVID-19 lockdown, and exchanges between national borders and people resumed. However, the world has quietly changed, and the olden days were gone forever!

Over the past couple of years, countries around the world saw dramatic fluctuations in energy and commodity prices, high interest rates and high inflation, a slump in market demand, and sluggish global economic development. The intensification of geopolitical conflicts also exacerbated the situation. Many countries were embroiled in war. With extremely transparent information and closely integrated global supply chains, even wars that were happening thousands of miles away came to have impacts on all parts of the world, thereby posing even greater challenges on enterprise management. In 2023, Synnex strove forward in spite of such turbulent and severe environment, and stood firm in the face of adversity. And we would like to thank all shareholders for your support!

Alternatively, the rapid developments in science and technology have propelled various new business opportunities to emerge. In addition, market patterns and business models are also evolving and changing at an accelerated pace. Enterprise management cannot no longer be limited to securing existing market positions and naively believing that long-term stability could be achieved by relying on past successes. We must be keenly aware of changes, and to proactively and quickly adapt to them. This will help us to stay current and to focus on new business opportunities, and ultimately, to succeed by precisely targeting such opportunities.

We can definitely say that the "adaptability" to external environments, is the most important capability of today's enterprises!

Over the past five years, Synnex has undergone a series of internal reforms. Beginning in 2019, the "Agility Project" was launched internally. At the same time, we actively built the externally-oriented "Management Service Platform (MSP)". These initiatives were designed to make the internal organization more lean, the operations more agile, and the Company in a better position to quickly respond to the service needs of both vendors and customers. By 2023, Synnex has taken a further step to launch the Company-wide "Transformation Project".

By loosening up and shaking up the old thinking habits and operating methods forged over so many years, we can remove inefficiency, focus on effectiveness, and simplify complex processes. Company reengineering consists of building an Al-driven digitized system that makes mobile office possible for all employees, thereby strengthening the organization's competencies, resilience, and coordination. The final step is to leap into action. We will comprehensively and digitally connect with partners throughout the industry ecosystem. Internally, from front-line units such as product planning and sales, to logistics functions such as operations, risk management, finance and accounting, and human resources, we will comprehensively achieve higher agility and responsiveness, and to take a powerful leap forward.

Looking forward to 2024, although the challenges of the market environment remain daunting, Synnex will continue to pursue stability and adaptability and to achieve targeted expansion and continuous improvement using the foundation we acquired through reforms made over the last five years. We will

actively seize the business opportunities brought by new technologies, and pursue corporate stability and constant growth. We sincerely ask all shareholders to continue to support and encourage us!

Below are the key operational highlights of 2023:

1. Revenue and profit

Synnex's 2023 consolidated revenue was NT\$396 billion, representing 7% decrease from the NT\$424.6 billion in 2022. The net profit after tax was NT\$7.29 billion, which is a decrease of 54% from the NT\$15.75 billion in 2022. The EPS after tax was NT\$4.37, which is a decrease of 54% from NT\$9.44 in 2022. If compared on a consistent basis, excluding one-time profits in 2022, net profit after tax and earnings per share after tax in 2023 have decreased by approximately 17%.

2. Concrete business results

- (1) All business entities have maintained stable development in spite of the severe market environment. In spite of adverse environment, revenues from the semiconductor business hit record highs for three consecutive years. Our operations in Taiwan include businesses units in information, communications, and BestCom's enterprise services. We actively adjusted business strategies and formations, strengthening MSP services, and gradually achieving new business success. For our Australia and New Zealand market, we accelerated investment in the dual logistics centers in Sydney and Melbourne to secure our leadership position in the market. Though our business in China was challenged by the economic downturn, we continued to implement lean reforms internally to strive for a revenue of hundred billions and more. Although our business in Hong Kong faced an extremely difficult operating environment, our internal flexible adjustments helped us to remain the market leader.
- (2) Synergy Intelligent Logistics has been providing the Home Electronics Installation and Maintenance Service to 1.5 million households, and on average serves one home every 40 seconds. Its high-quality services are highly lauded by the market. Synergy Intelligent Technology has increased its investment in technical service opportunities for corporate customers, and its revenue has grown in spite of the challenging environment.
- (3) Having put 25 years of efforts in the markets of Asia, Africa and the Middle East, Synnex Group is now seeing fruitful results in our overseas joint ventures. In particular, Synnex Metrodata Indonesia has seized the opportunities of the local demographic dividend and economic growth, and its revenue has reached new highs. Synnex (Thailand) has launched diversified business efforts and its business operations have been sustainable. Although Synnex FPT (Vietnam) is facing an economic downturn, it continues to make breakthroughs in new businesses and new categories. Redington (India) is striving to cultivate the Indian market as well as actively expanding toward the Middle East and North Africa markets, yielding a significant 19% revenue growth.
- (4) Actively promote "clean technology application solutions" to various industrial application fields, including "smart cities", "smart manufacturing", "smart retail", "smart education", "cloud platform services" and "AIOT". Our service network has covered eight major markets in the Asia-Pacific, including Taiwan, China, Hong Kong, Australia, New Zealand, Indonesia, Thailand, and Vietnam. A total of 1,249 successful deployment projects have been completed in collaboration with upstream and downstream partners, and the results of which have received widespread recognition from customers and the market.

The important production and marketing policies for 2024 are respectively described as follows:

- 1. By utilizing the Management Service Platform (MSP) as a core of our services, we will develop corresponding digitized MSP for a variety of business models, including semiconductor, commercial information, consumer information, communications, recruitment, and cloud service sectors. We plan on winning vendor and customer trust through our services.
- 2. Pay close attention to new business opportunities brought by new technologies, including AI-related applications, green technology, smart mobile offices, distance learning, smart homes, and more.
- 3. Continue to expand the logistics service business and corporate customer technical service business to develop them into fields with high value and growth.
- 4. Expand the application of AI tools, especially in aspects such as business decision-making, operational risk management, and operational quality management and more in order to improve operational efficiency and the proportion of employees engaging in knowledge-intensive tasks.

The international situation is unpredictable and challenges will only become more severe in the future. SYNNEX will continue to uphold "stable, continuous, and growth," and constantly enhance our capabilities, stay up-to-date, and steadily move forward. We hope that our shareholders will continue to push us and support us!

Warm regards,

Chairman: Miau, Matthew Feng Chiang

President: Tu Shu-Wu

Senior Director of Finance: Lin Tai-Yang

Synnex Technology International Corp. Audit Committee's report

The board of directors has prepared and submitted the 2023 business report, financial reports (including consolidated and individual financial reports), and earnings distribution proposal. The board of directors have appointed CPA Huang Shih-Chun and CPA Liang Yi Chang of PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan to audit the financial statements, and they have submitted an audit report. The audit committee has reviewed the business report, the financial reports, and the earnings distribution proposal and did not find any instances of noncompliance. According to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act, it is hereby submitted for review and perusal.

To Synnex Technology International Corp. 2024 General Shareholders' Meeting

Synnex Technology International Corp.

Chairman of the Audit Committee: Yeh Kuang-Shih

March 13, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

PWCR23000440

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Synnex Technology International Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Synnex Technology International Corporation and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (see information disclosed in the Other Matter section of our report), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts

Description

Please refer to Notes 4(10) & (11) for accounting policies adopted for accounts receivable. Please refer to Note 5(2), for critical accounting estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty of loss

allowance for accounts receivable. Please refer to Note 6(5) for details of accounts receivable.

The Group is primarily engaged in the sale of communication products, consumer electronic products, and semiconductor products. The Group manages the collection of accounts receivable from customers and bears the associated credit risk. The Group assesses impairment of accounts receivable in accordance with IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'. The management categorized the accounts receivable assessment into individual provision and group provision. For individually assessed accounts receivable, allowance is recognised on a case by case basis. The assessment process is affected by management's judgement on various factors: customers' financial conditions, internal credit ratings, historical transaction records, and current economic conditions, etc. For group assessed accounts receivable, assessment process is affected by management's judgement on historical uncollectible records, current economic conditions and the forecastability information to assess the default possibility of uncollectible accounts.

As management's judgement on allowance for uncollectible accounts is relatively subjective and the estimated amount is material to the financial statements, therefore, we indicated that the assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in relation to the key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding of the credit quality of the Group's customers, assessed the classification of accounts receivable, the policies and the procedures applied in loss allowance provision.
- 2. For individually assessed accounts, selected and verified samples of managements' impairment evaluation. Discussed with management the assessment results and evaluated the provision.
- 3. For accounts assessed as a group, considered historical uncollectible records and the management's forecastability adjustment information to determine the provision ratio of allowance for uncollectible accounts. For significant accounts, examined subsequent collections after balance sheet date.

Assessment of allowance for valuation of inventory

Description

Please refer to Note 4(14) for description of accounting policies on allowance for inventory valuation. Please refer to Note 5(2) for accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty. Please refe to Note 6(8) for details of inventory items.

The Group is primarily engaged in the sale of communication products, consumer electronic products, and semiconductor products. For the purpose of meeting diverse customer needs, the Group applied multi-brand and multi-product strategy. However, due to rapid changes in technology, the short life cycle of electronic products, and the price highly affected by market fluctuation, there is a high risk of incurring inventory valuation losses. The Group's inventory policy on inventory valuation is based on the lower of cost or net realisable value. The net relisable value of inventory was identified on an itemby- item basis. The Group then applied the lower of cost or net realisable value method for recognizing loss on decline in market value.

As management's judgement on net realisable value of inventory is relatively subjective and the valuation amount is material to the financial statements, therefore, we indicated that the assessment of allowance for valuation of inventory as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in relation to the key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding of the policy applied to the assessment of allowance for valuation of inventory loss. Assessed whether the allowance recognition policy is applied.
- 2. Obtained net realisable value report for inventory items and verified the systematic logic applied to the calculation. First, tested the assumptions such as: sources of sales or purchases data and relevant supporting estimation documents. Second, recalculated net realizable value item-by-item, then applied the lower of cost or net realisable value method for valuation and examined whether reasonable allowance was recognised.
- 3. Compared current and previous years' rate of allowance for valuation of inventory. Reviewed each period's days sales of inventory in order to assess the recognition of allowance.

Assessment of purchase rebate

Description

Please refer to Note 4(14) for accounting policies adopted for the recognition of purchase rebate. Please refer to Note 5(2) for critical accounting estimates and assumptions applied in the accounting policy for the recognition of purchase rebate.

The Group is primarily engaged in the sale of communication products, consumer electronic products, electronic products and semiconductor products. The Group engages in various purchase contracts for different items with different suppliers. There are various types of rebate programs including incentives for certain purchase volume from vendors, purchase discounts and allowances, participations in special purchase promotions, and subsidies for marketing. The Group estimates rebates that shall be recognized in accordance with the percentage of achievement of the rebate contract terms.

There are various types of rebate programs, complicated calculations and transactions with different suppliers as well as the manual process involved in the verification and calculation of rebates. All of these aforementioned factors add to the complexity of assessing purchasing rebate. Thus, we indicated that the assessment of purchase rebate as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in relation to the key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding and tested the internal control over the estimation of purchase rebate. Tested the appropriate controls over contractual terms regarding rebates. Checked whether the recognition of rebate amount has been approved by the proper authority.
- 2. Selected samples of details of purchase rebate estimation, reviewed the inventory items and obtained the supporting documents in order to recalculate the rebate amount and assess estimated amount.
- 3. Sampled details of purchase rebate estimation without notice from suppliers that has been recognised as of the balance sheet date and obtained debit notes or other supporting documents that were received from suppliers after the balance sheet date to evaluate the estimation. In addition, after balance sheet date, examined whether there were significant new rebates that should be recognised as of the balance sheet date.
- 4. Selected samples of significant outstanding rebate receivable accounts and tested subsequent collections after the balance sheet date.

Other matter - Reference to report of other independent auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of certain subsidiaries which were included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group and were audited by other auditors whose reports

thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein, in so far as it relates to the amounts and the information disclosed in Note 13 included in these financial statements, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. Those subsidiaries' statements reflect total assets of NT\$11,586 thousand and NT\$1,689,177 thousand, constituting 0% and 1% of the consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and total operating revenues of both NT\$0 thousand, both constituting 0% of the consolidated total operating revenues for the years then ended. In addition, as stated in Note 6(9), the financial statements and the information disclosed in Note 13 of certain investments accounted for using equity method were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us. For the years ended December 31, 2023, and 2022, the recognised net profit of investments accounted for using equity method was NT\$1,281,817 thousand and NT\$1,591,659 thousand, respectively, constituting 16% and 10% of the consolidated net profits, respectively; the recognised comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method was NT\$931,148 thousand and NT\$1,879,052 thousand, respectively, constituting 16% and 10% of the consolidated comprehensive income, respectively. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the balance of related investments was NT\$7,826,078 thousand and NT\$7,326,951 thousand, respectively, constituting 4% and 3% of the consolidated total assets, respectively.

Other matter – Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion with other matter section on the parent company only financial statements of Synnex Technology International Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Huang, Shih-Chun	Liang Yi Chang			
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan				
March 13, 2024				

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

1110 Current financial assets at fair value 6(2) 603,939 - 181,682 1120 Current financial assets at fair value 6(3) 1136 Current financial assets at fair value 6(3) 12,207,018 10 25,768,699 1. 136 Current financial assets at amortised 6(4) and 8 - - - 6,684 1150 Notes receivable, net 6(5) 5,499,794 3 6,842,112 1170 Accounts receivable, net 6(5) and 8 73,497,234 34 71,827,487 3. 1180 Accounts receivable related parties, 6(5) and 7(2) 816,249 - 499,491 1200 Other receivables 6(7) and 7(2) 6,264,555 3 7,234,780 1220 Current income tax assets 212,509 - 111,526 130X Inventories 6(8) and 8 53,143,236 25 57,299,453 2 1410 Prepayments 7,282,154 4 6,313,650 11XX Total current assets 180,682,957 84 190,567,849 8 Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3) through other comprehensive income 7,077,564 3 5,683,237 1535 Non-current financial assets at amortised cost 803,361 - 866,178 1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191 10.567,490					December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		
Cash and cash equivalents		Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
1110 Current financial assets at fair value 6(2) 1120 Current financial assets at fair value 6(3) 1120 Current financial assets at fair value 6(3) 1120 Current financial assets at fair value 6(3) 125,768,699 125 126 127		Current assets			_				
1110 Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 6(2) 181,682 181,68	1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	11,156,269	5	\$	14.482.285	7
1120 Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 22,207,018 10 25,768,699 1	1110		6(2)	*			_	,,	·
through other comprehensive income Current financial assets at amortised of (4) and 8 cost Notes receivable, net 6(5) Accounts receivable, net 6(5) and 8 73,497,234 34 71,827,487 3 1180 Accounts receivable - related parties, net 6(5) and 7(2) net 816,249 - 499,491 1200 Other receivables 6(7) and 7(2) 1220 Current income tax assets 1212,509 - 111,526 130X Inventories 6(8) and 8 53,143,236 25 57,299,453 2 1410 Prepayments 7,282,154 4 6,313,650 11XX Total current assets 180,682,957 84 190,567,849 8 Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3) through other comprehensive income through other comprehensive income amortised cost Non-current financial assets at 6(4) and 8 amortised cost Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191	1120		((2)		603,939	-		181,682	-
Current financial assets at amortised cost	1120		0(3)		22 207 018	10		25 768 699	12
1150 Notes receivable, net 6(5) 5,499,794 3 6,842,112 1170 Accounts receivable, net 6(5) and 8 73,497,234 34 71,827,487 3 1180 Accounts receivable - related parties, net 816,249 - 499,491 1200 Other receivables 6(7) and 7(2) 6,264,555 3 7,234,780 1220 Current income tax assets 212,509 - 111,526 130X Inventories 6(8) and 8 53,143,236 25 57,299,453 2 1410 Prepayments 7,282,154 4 6,313,650 11XX Total current assets 180,682,957 84 190,567,849 8 Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3) through other comprehensive income 7,077,564 3 5,683,237 1535 Non-current financial assets at amortised cost 803,361 - 866,178 1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191	1136		6(4) and 8		22,207,010	10		25,700,055	12
1170 Accounts receivable, net 6(5) and 8 73,497,234 34 71,827,487 3 1180 Accounts receivable - related parties, 6(5) and 7(2) net 816,249 - 499,491 1200 Other receivables 6(7) and 7(2) 6,264,555 3 7,234,780 1220 Current income tax assets 2 121,509 - 111,526 130X Inventories 6(8) and 8 53,143,236 25 57,299,453 2 1410 Prepayments 7,282,154 4 6,313,650 11XX Total current assets 180,682,957 84 190,567,849 8 Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3) through other comprehensive income 7,077,564 3 5,683,237 1535 Non-current financial assets at 6(4) and 8 amortised cost Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191	1150				-	-		6,684	-
1180			` '		5,499,794	3		6,842,112	3
net 816,249 - 499,491 1200 Other receivables 6(7) and 7(2) 6,264,555 3 7,234,780 1220 Current income tax assets 212,509 - 111,526 130X Inventories 6(8) and 8 53,143,236 25 57,299,453 2 1410 Prepayments 7,282,154 4 6,313,650 11XX Total current assets 180,682,957 84 190,567,849 8 1517 Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3)			` '		73,497,234	34		71,827,487	32
1200 Other receivables 6(7) and 7(2) 6,264,555 3 7,234,780 1220 Current income tax assets 212,509 - 111,526 130X Inventories 6(8) and 8 53,143,236 25 57,299,453 2 1410 Prepayments 7,282,154 4 6,313,650 11XX Total current assets 180,682,957 84 190,567,849 8 Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3) through other comprehensive income 7,077,564 3 5,683,237 1535 Non-current financial assets at amortised cost 803,361 - 866,178 1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191	1180		6(5) and 7(2)		016 240			400 401	
1220 Current income tax assets 1220 Current income tax assets 130X Inventories 6(8) and 8 53,143,236 55,299,453 2 1410 Prepayments 7,282,154 4 6,313,650 11XX Total current assets Non-current assets Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3) through other comprehensive income 1517 Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3) through other comprehensive income 1535 Non-current financial assets at 6(4) and 8 amortised cost 1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 111,526 111,52	1200		6(7) and 7(2)		*	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
130X Inventories 6(8) and 8 53,143,236 25 57,299,453 2			0(7) and 7(2)			3			3
1410 Prepayments			((0) 10		212,509	-			-
11XX Total current assets 180,682,957 84 190,567,849 8 Non-current assets 1517 Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3) through other comprehensive income 7,077,564 3 5,683,237 1535 Non-current financial assets at 6(4) and 8 amortised cost 803,361 - 866,178 1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191			6(8) and 8		53,143,236	25		57,299,453	26
Non-current assets Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3) through other comprehensive income 7,077,564 3 5,683,237 1535 Non-current financial assets at 6(4) and 8 amortised cost 803,361 - 866,178 1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191 1.50 1.5		* *			7,282,154	4		6,313,650	3
1517 Non-current financial assets at fair value 6(3) through other comprehensive income 7,077,564 3 5,683,237 1535 Non-current financial assets at 6(4) and 8 amortised cost 803,361 - 866,178 1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191	11XX	Total current assets			180,682,957	84		190,567,849	86
through other comprehensive income 7,077,564 3 5,683,237 1535 Non-current financial assets at 6(4) and 8 amortised cost 803,361 - 866,178 1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191		Non-current assets							
1535 Non-current financial assets at amortised cost 803,361 - 866,178 1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191	1517		e 6(3)						
amortised cost 803,361 - 866,178 1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191	1525		C(A) 1 0		7,077,564	3		5,683,237	3
1550 Investments accounted for under equity 6(9) method 9,456,422 4 8,964,673 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191	1333		0(4) and 8		803 361	_		866 178	_
1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(10) and 8 10,440,594 5 9,757,191	1550		6(9)		005,501			000,170	
10,740,574 5 9,757,191					9,456,422	4		8,964,673	4
			` ′		10,440,594	5		9,757,191	4
		Right-of-use assets	6(11)		1,186,510	1		1,195,314	1
1760 Investment property, net 6(13) 935,040 1 987,460	1760	Investment property, net	6(13)		935,040	1		987,460	-
1780 Intangible assets 6(14) 651,330 - 665,725	1780	Intangible assets	6(14)		651,330	_		665,725	_
1940 Defermed income toy exacts (22)	1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(33)			1			1
1000 Other per suprent accets 6(15)	1900	Other non-current assets	6(15)			1			1
15VV T-4-1	15XX	Total non-current assets							14
1VVV Tetal conte	1XXX	Total assets		\$			\$		100

(Continued)

$\frac{\text{SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES}}{\text{CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS}} \\ \underline{\text{DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022}}$

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		December 31, 2023					December 31, 2022		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	
	Current liabilities								
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(16)	\$	51,973,423	24	\$	73,314,084	33	
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(17)		7,530,000	3		4,860,000	2	
2120	Current financial liabilities at fair value	6(2)							
	through profit or loss			426	-		4,484	-	
2150	Notes payable			587,007	-		1,239,838	1	
2170	Accounts payable	7(2)		35,373,766	17		30,623,774	14	
2200	Other payables	6(18) and 7(2)		7,884,081	4		7,607,914	3	
2230	Current income tax liabilities			1,231,591	1		1,202,706	1	
2280	Current lease liabilities			182,073	-		285,994	-	
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(20)		1,500,000	1		-	-	
2399	Other current liabilities, others	6(19)		4,532,833	2		4,231,772	2	
21XX	Total current liabilities			110,795,200	52		123,370,566	56	
	Non-current liabilities								
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(20)		21,370,000	10		15,900,000	7	
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(33)		6,795,990	3		6,762,571	3	
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			389,107	-		268,227	-	
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(21)		391,322			413,920		
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			28,946,419	13		23,344,718	10	
2XXX	Total liabilities		<u></u>	139,741,619	65		146,715,284	66	
	Equity attributable to owners of parent		·-				_	·	
	Share capital	6(22)							
3110	Share capital - ordinary share			16,679,470	8		16,679,470	7	
	Capital surplus	6(23)							
3200	Capital surplus			13,529,272	6		13,505,904	6	
	Retained earnings	6(24)							
3310	Legal reserve			12,946,469	6		11,368,673	5	
3320	Special reserve			6,038,409	3		8,247,113	4	
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			30,506,999	14		28,800,686	13	
	Other equity interest	6(25)							
3400	Other equity interest		(7,886,325) (3)	(6,038,409)	(2)	
31XX	Total equity attributable to owners		'				_		
	of parent			71,814,294	34		72,563,437	33	
36XX	Non-controlling interest			2,684,408	1		2,367,597	1	
3XXX	Total equity			74,498,702	35		74,931,034	34	
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>		
	unrecognized contract commitments								
	Significant events after the balance sheet	11							
	date								

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

			Year ended December 31										
				2023			2022						
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>		AMOUNT	_	%				
4000	Operating revenue	6(26) and 7(2)	\$	395,990,829	100	\$	424,550,420		100				
5000	Operating costs	6(8)(31) and 7(2)	(378,391,906)	(96)	(406,707,201)	(96)				
5950	Net operating margin			17,598,923	4		17,843,219	_	4				
	Operating expenses	6(31)											
6100	Selling expenses		(7,276,240)	(2)	(6,926,926)	(2)				
6200	General and administrative expenses		(1,149,757)	-	(1,529,338)		-				
6450	Impairment loss (impairment gain and	12(2)											
	reversal of impairment loss)												
	determined in accordance with IFRS 9		(538,612)		(249,419)	_					
6000	Total operating expenses		(8,964,609)	(2)	(8,705,683)	(_	2)				
6900	Operating profit			8,634,314	2		9,137,536	_	2				
	Non-operating income and expenses												
7100	Interest income	6(27)		817,777	-		323,504		-				
7010	Other income	6(28) and 7(2)		1,333,029	-		1,297,170		-				
7020	Other gains and losses	6(29)		193,953	-		8,511,724		2				
7050	Finance costs	6(30)	(2,027,553)	-	(1,435,728)		-				
7060	Share of profit of associates and joint	6(9)											
	ventures accounted for using equity												
	method			1,565,228	1		2,440,589	_	1				
7000	Total non-operating income and												
	expenses			1,882,434	1		11,137,259	_	3				
7900	Profit before income tax			10,516,748	3		20,274,795		5				
7950	Income tax expense	6(33)	(2,635,905)	(1)	(3,944,469)	(_	1)				
8200	Profit for the year		\$	7,880,843	2	\$	16,330,326		4				

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

				Y	Decem	mber 31			
				2023			2022		
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	
	Other comprehensive income Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss								
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of								
8316	defined benefit plans Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other		\$	1,503	-	\$	37,098	-	
8320	comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive	6(9)(25)	(937,838)	-	(2,951,537)	(1)	
8349	income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Income tax related to components of	6(33)	(5,422)	-	(15,948)	-	
8310	other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Components of other comprehensive	, ,	(300)		(7,419)		
6510	loss that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(942,057)		(2,937,806)	(1)	
8361 8370	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method,	6(9)	(915,065)	(1)		4,739,093	1	
8360	components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss Components of other comprehensive (loss) income that will be		(345,247)			136,572		
8300	reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive (loss)		(1,260,312)	(1)		4,875,665	1	
0500	income (1033)		(\$	2,202,369)	<u> </u>	\$	1,937,859		
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year		\$	5,678,474	1	\$	18,268,185	4	
8610 8620	Profit, attributable to: Owners of parent Non-controlling interest		\$	7,289,295 591,548	2	\$	15,748,824 581,502	4	
0710	Profit for the year Comprehensive income attributable to:		\$	7,880,843	2	\$	16,330,326	4	
8710 8720	Owners of parent Non-controlling interest Comprehensive income for the year		\$	5,061,923 616,551 5,678,474	1 1	\$	17,681,120 587,065 18,268,185	4 4	
	Earnings per share								
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(34)	\$		4.37	\$		9.44	
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(34)	\$		4.37	\$		9.44	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

					Retained earnings		Other equ				
								Unrealised gains			
								(losses) from			
								financial assets			
							Financial statements	measured at fair			
		G1 1-1				**	translation	value through other		37 . 111	
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	differences of foreign operations	comprehensive income	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
Year ended December 31, 2022	rtotes	common stock	Сиріші загріцз	Legarieserve	Special reserve	retained earnings	орегинона	meome	Total	interest	rotal equity
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 14,199,960	\$ 9,673,477	\$ 6,336,545	\$ 24,968,224	(\$ 10,641,478)	\$ 2,394,366	\$ 63,610,564	\$ 2,280,513	\$ 65,891,077
Profit		5 10,075,470	ÿ 14,177,700	9 7,075,477	Φ 0,550,545	15,748,824	(\$\square\$ 10,041,470)	5 2,374,300	15,748,824	581,502	16,330,326
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(25)	_				29,679	4,869,983	(2,967,366)	1,932,296	5,563	1,937,859
Total comprehensive income (loss)	0(23)				<u>-</u>	15,778,503	4,869,983	(2,967,366)	17,681,120	587,065	18,268,185
	6(24)					13,778,303	4,009,903	(17,001,120	387,003	16,206,163
Appropriations of 2021 earnings	6(24)			1.605.106		(1.605.106.)					
Legal reserve		-	-	1,695,196	1.010.560	(1,695,196)		-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	1,910,568	(1,910,568)		-	- 0.220.525	-	(0.220.725.)
Cash dividends	6(22)	-	-	-	-	(8,339,735)) -	-	(8,339,735)	-	(8,339,735)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	` /	-	121,504	-	-	1,110	-	-	122,614	-	122,614
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries	6(35)										
acquired	6(22)	-	2,085 594	-	-	-	-	-	2,085	(23,029)	(20,944)
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends	6(23)	-		-	-	-	204.424	-	594	-	594
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	6(23)	-	(5,350)	-	-	-	304,434	-	299,084	-	299,084
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	(1,652)	-	1,652	-	-	-
Effect of reorganisations		-	(812,889)	-	-	-	-	-	(812,889)	-	(812,889)
Cash dividends paid by subsidiaries to non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(476,952)	(476,952)
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 13,505,904	\$ 11,368,673	\$ 8,247,113	\$ 28,800,686	(\$ 5,467,061)	(\$ 571,348)	\$ 72,563,437	\$ 2,367,597	\$ 74,931,034
Year ended December 31, 2023											
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 13,505,904	\$ 11,368,673	\$ 8,247,113	\$ 28,800,686	(\$ 5,467,061)	(\$ 571,348)	\$ 72,563,437	\$ 2,367,597	\$ 74,931,034
Profit		-	-	-	-	7,289,295			7,289,295	591,548	7,880,843
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(25)					1,203	(1,285,315_)	(943,260)	(2,227,372_)	25,003	(2,202,369)
Total comprehensive income (loss)						7,290,498	(1,285,315_)	(943,260)	5,061,923	616,551	5,678,474
Appropriations of 2022 earnings	6(24)										
Legal reserve		-	-	1,577,796	-	(1,577,796)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	(2,208,704)	2,208,704	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	(5,837,814)	-	-	(5,837,814)	-	(5,837,814)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(23)	-	23,154	-	-	3,380	-	-	26,534	-	26,534
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends	6(23)	-	214	-	-	-	-	-	214	-	214
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income by the subsidiary		-	-	-	-	(380,659)) -	380,659	-	-	-
Cash dividends declared by the subsidiary		-	=	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	(299,740)	(299,740)
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$ 16,679,470	\$ 13,529,272	\$ 12,946,469	\$ 6,038,409	\$ 30,506,999	(\$ 6,752,376)	(\$ 1,133,949)	\$ 71,814,294	\$ 2,684,408	\$ 74,498,702

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			December 31				
	Notes		2023		2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit before tax		\$	10,516,748	\$	20,274,795		
Adjustments		Ψ	10,510,740	Ψ	20,274,773		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)							
Depreciation charges on property, plant and	6(31)						
equipment	0(31)		308,713		299,072		
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	6(31)		276,577		243,641		
Depreciation charges on investment property	6(31)		33,202		35,019		
Amortization charges on intangible assets	6(31)		53,973		43,038		
Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of	12(2)		33,713		75,050		
impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS	12(2)						
9)			538,612		249,419		
	6(20)		336,012		249,419		
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit	0(29)	(2.075.)	(2 112)		
or loss	6(0)	(2,075)	(2,113)		
Allowance for inventory valuation losses	6(8)		93,959 2,027,553		412,607		
Interest expense	6(30)	((1,435,728		
Interest income Dividend income	6(27)	(817,777)	(323,504)		
	6(28)	(536,561)	(396,196)		
Share of profit of associates accounted for under	6(9)		1.565.000	,	2 440 500 \		
equity method	((20)	(1,565,228)	(2,440,589)		
(Loss) gain on disposal of property, plant and	6(29)		2.004)	,	11.065)		
equipment and investment property	((20)	(2,094)	(11,865)		
Gain on disposal of investments	6(29)	(7,086)		-		
Gain on remeasurement of investments at fair value	6(29)						
that were previously accounted for using equity				,	0.245.100.		
method	6(44)	,	- 4 4 6 7 \	(8,345,108)		
Gain on lease modification	6(11)	(1,465)	(194)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities							
Changes in operating assets		,	((2,12.6)		(aam aaa		
Notes and accounts receivable		(663,436)	,	6,337,922		
Other receivables			970,225	(951,770)		
Inventories			4,062,258	(9,998,788)		
Prepayments		(968,504)	(1,384,929)		
Long-term notes and overdue receivables		(401,256)	(227,130)		
Long-term lease receivables		(32,174)		25,914		
Changes in operating liabilities							
Notes and accounts payable			4,097,161	(18,229,011)		
Other payables			272,933		404,236		
Other current liabilities			301,061	(550,190)		
Other non-current liabilities			1,214	(150,637)		
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations			18,556,533	(13,250,633)		
Dividends received from investments accounted for							
under equity method			972,695		1,231,421		
Interest paid		(2,027,553)	(1,435,728)		
Interest received		`	817,777		323,504		
Dividends received			536,561		396,196		
Income taxes paid		(2,744,445)	(2,353,130)		
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities		`	16,111,568	į—	15,088,370)		
- (- , , 0 0	\	- ,)		

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			December 31				
	Notes		2023		2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or							
loss		(\$	355,146)	\$	2,046,087		
Proceeds from disposal of non-current financial assets at		(+	,- ,	*	_,,,,,,,,,		
fair value through other comprehensive income			1,189,856		205,134		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(10)	(1,036,173)	(303,737)		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	,		37,185	`	26,732		
Acquisition of investment property	6(13)	(6,955)	(1,795)		
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(14)	(14,419)	,	20,362)		
Increase in time deposits maturing within three months to	, ,	`	,	`	,		
a year		(61,088)	(239,420)		
Decrease in time deposits maturing within three months to		`	,	`	,		
a year			62,138		238,370		
Increase in restricted time deposits		(69)	(838,223)		
Decrease in restricted time deposits			68,520		1,405,918		
Increase in refundable deposits		(59,783)	(36,394)		
Decrease in refundable deposits			61,249		36,369		
Increase in other non-current assets			8,129	(27,049)		
Net cash flows (used in) from investing activities		(106,556)		2,491,630		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		·	_				
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	6(36)	(21,340,661)		19,987,377		
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes and bills payable	6(36)		2,670,000	(7,630,000)		
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(36)		32,790,000		17,400,000		
Decrease in long-term borrowings	6(36)	(25,820,000)	(3,000,000)		
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6(36)		264,195		697,267		
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6(36)	(256,028)	(694,006)		
Payments of lease liabilities	6(36)	(180,369)	(188,997)		
Acquisition of additional shares in subsidiary	6(35)		-	(20,944)		
Cash dividends paid	6(36)	(5,837,814)	(8,339,735)		
Cash dividends paid by subsidiaries to non-controlling							
interests		()	299,740)	(476,952)		
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(18,010,417)		17,734,010		
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates		(1,320,611		2,292,057		
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(3,326,016)		7,429,327		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			14,482,285		7,052,958		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	11,156,269	\$	14,482,285		

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

PWCR23000425

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Synnex Technology International Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of Synnex Technology International Corporation (the "Company") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (see information disclosed in the Other Matter section of our report), the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Company's 2023 parent company only financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters in relation to the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 are stated as follows:

Assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts

Description

Please refer to Notes 4(9) and (10) for accounting policies adopted for accounts receivable. Please refer to Note 5(2), for critical accounting estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty of loss allowance for accounts receivable. Please refer to Note 6(5) for details of accounts receivable.

The Company is primarily engaged in the sale of communication products, consumer electronic products, electronic products and semiconductor products. The Company manages the collection of

accounts receivable from customers and bears the associated credit risk. The Company assesses impairment of accounts receivable in accordance with IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'. The management categorized the accounts receivable assessment into individual provision and group provison. For individually assessed accounts receivable, allowance is recognised on a case by case basis. The assessment process is affected by management's judgment on various factors: customers' financia conditions, internal credit ratings, historical transaction records, and current economic conditions, etc. For group assessed accounts receivable, assessment process is affected by management's judgment on historical uncollectibility records, current economic conditions and the forecastability information to assess the default possibility of uncollectible accounts.

As management's judgement on allowance for uncollectible accounts is relatively subjective and the estimated amount is material to the financial statements, therefore, we indicated that the assessment of allowance for uncollectible accounts as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in relation to the key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding of the credit quality of the Company's customers, assessed the classification of accounts receivable, the policies and the procedures applied in loss allowance provision.
- 2. For individually assessed accounts, selected and verified samples of managements' impairment evaluation. Discussed with management the assessment results and evaluated the provision.
- 3. For accounts assessed as a group, considered historical uncollectibility records and the management's forecastability adjustment information to determine the provision ratio of allowance for uncollectible accounts. For significant accounts, examined subsequent collections after balance sheet date.

Assessment of allowance for valuation of inventory

Description

Please refer to Note 4(13) for description of accounting policies on allowance for inventory valuation. Please refer to Note 5(2) for accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty. Please refer to Note 6(8) for details of inventory items.

The Company is primarily engaged in the sale of communication products, consumer electronic products, and semiconductor products. For the purpose of meeting diverse customer needs, the Company applied multi-brand and multi-product strategy. However, due to rapid changes in technology, the short life cycle of electronic products, and the price highly affected by market fluctuation, there is a high risk of incurring inventory valuation losses. The Company's inventory policy on inventory valuation is based on the lower of cost or net realisable value. The net relisable value of inventory was identified on an item-by-item basis. The Company then applied the lower of cost or net realisable value method for recognizing loss on decline in market value.

As management's judgement on net realisable value of inventory is relatively subjective and the valuation amount is material to the financial statements, therefore, we indicated that the assessment of allowance for valuation of inventory as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in relation to the key audit matter:

1. Obtained an understanding of the policy applied to the assessment of allowance for valuation of

- inventory loss. Assessed whether the allowance recognition policy is applied.
- 2. Obtained net realisable value report for inventory items and verified that a systematic logic applied to the calculation. First, tested the assumptions such as: sources of sales or purchases data and relevant supporting estimation documents. Second, recalculated net realisable value item-by-item, then applied the lower of cost or net realisable value method for valuation and examined whether reasonable allowance was recognised.
- 3. Compared current and previous years' rate of allowance for valuation of inventory. Reviewed each period's days sales of inventory in order to assess the recognition of allowance.

Assessment of purchase rebate

Description

Please refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policies adopted for the recognition of purchase rebate. Please refer to Note 5(2) for critical accounting estimates and assumptions applied in the accounting policy for the recognition of purchase rebate.

The Company is primarily engaged in the sale of communication products, consumer electronic products, electronic products and semiconductor products. The Company engages in various purchase contracts for different items with different suppliers. There are various types of rebate programs including incentives for certain purchase volume from vendors, purchase discounts and allowances, participations in special purchase promotions, and subsidies for marketing. The Company estimates rebates that shall be recognised in accordance with the percentage of achievement of the rebate contract terms.

There are various types of rebate programs, complicated calculations and transactions with different suppliers as well as the manual process involved in the verification and calculation of rebates. All of these aforementioned factors add to the complexity of assessing purchasing rebate. Thus, we indicated that the assessment of purchase rebate as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in relation to the key audit matter:

- 1. Obtained an understanding and tested the internal control over the estimation of purchase rebate. Tested the controls over contractual terms regarding rebates. Checked whether the recognition of rebate amount has been approved by the proper authority.
- 2. Selected samples of details of purchase rebate estimation, reviewed the inventory items and obtained the supporting documents in order to recalculate the rebate amount and assess the estimation.
- 3. Sampled details of purchase rebate estimation without notice from suppliers that hasbeen recognised as of the balance sheet date and obtained debit notes or other supporting documents that were received from suppliers after the balance sheet date to evaluate the estimation. In addition, after balance sheet date, examined whether there were significant new rebates that should be recognised as of the balance sheet date.
- 4. Selected samples of significant outstanding rebate receivable accounts and tested subsequent collections after the balance sheet date.

Other matter - Reference to report of other independent auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for using equity method which were included in the parent company only financial statements of the Company and were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein,

in so far as it relates to the investments accounted for using equity method and the amounts and the information disclosed in Note 13 included in these financial statements, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the balance of investments accounted for using equity method of certain subsidiaries was NT\$8,224,154 thousand and NT\$7,702,578 thousand, respectively, constituting 5% and 5% of the parent company only total assets, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the recognised net profit of investments accounted for using equity method was NT\$1,303,847 thousand and NT\$1,645,136 thousand, respectively, constituting 18% and 10% of the parent company only net profits, respectively; for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the recognised comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method was NT\$953,178 thousand and NT\$1,932,529 thousand, respectively, constituting 19% and 11% of the parent company only comprehensive income, respectively.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures

- that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Huang, Shih-Chun	Liang Yi Chang

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 13, 2024

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2022		
	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	731,184	-	\$ 711,178	1	
1110	Current financial assets at fair value	6(2)						
	through profit or loss			154,893	-	108,733	-	
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6(4)						
	cost			-	-	1,050	-	
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5)		118,641	-	191,984	-	
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)		7,987,761	5	8,761,226	6	
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties,	6(5) and 7(2)						
	net			277,133	-	264,348	-	
1200	Other receivables	6(7)		3,743,869	2	639,323	-	
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7(2)		6,741,107	4	437,569	-	
130X	Inventories	6(8)		8,345,607	5	5,809,692	4	
1410	Prepayments			113,726		125,085		
11XX	Total current assets		-	28,213,921	16	17,050,188	11	
	Non-current assets							
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair va	lue 6(3)						
	through other comprehensive income			6,724,730	4	5,466,252	3	
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(4) and 8						
	amortised cost			787,705	1	802,156	1	
1550	Investments accounted for under equi	ty 6(9)						
	method			134,488,698	77	132,563,511	83	
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(10)		3,554,348	2	3,524,766	2	
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(11)		-	-	48,872	-	
1780	Intangible assets			44,228	-	71,515	-	
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)		76,103	-	77,537	-	
1900	Other non-current assets	6(5)		28,998		28,212		
15XX	Total non-current assets			145,704,810	84	142,582,821	89	
1XXX	Total assets		\$	173,918,731	100	\$ 159,633,009	100	

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		December 31, 2023 AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	December 31, 2022 AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities			<u> </u>	70	711100111	70
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(13)	\$	43,970,000	25	\$ 40,280,000	25
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(14)		6,680,000	4	4,030,000	3
2150	Notes payable			193,805	-	235,880	-
2170	Accounts payable			14,553,985	9	3,651,609	3
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7(2)		223,091	-	80,865	-
2200	Other payables	6(15)		2,206,324	1	973,433	1
2220	Other payables - related parties	7(2)		3,759,583	2	14,626,177	9
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(30)		724,296	1	396,650	-
2280	Current lease liabilities			-	-	49,199	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(17)		1,500,000	1	-	-
2399	Other current liabilities, others	6(16)		467,686		385,744	
21XX	Total current liabilities			74,278,770	43	64,709,557	41
	Non-current liabilities						
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(17)		21,370,000	12	15,900,000	10
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)		6,318,709	4	6,318,709	4
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(18)		136,958	-	141,306	-
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			27,825,667	16	22,360,015	14
2XXX	Total liabilities			102,104,437	59	87,069,572	55
	Equity			_			
	Share capital	6(19)					
3110	Share capital - ordinary share			16,679,470	10	16,679,470	10
	Capital surplus	6(20)					
3200	Capital surplus			13,529,272	8	13,505,904	8
	Retained earnings	6(21)					
3310	Legal reserve			12,946,469	7	11,368,673	7
3320	Special reserve			6,038,409	3	8,247,113	5
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			30,506,999	18	28,800,686	18
	Other equity interest	6(22)					
3400	Other equity interest		(7,886,325) (5)	(6,038,409) (3)
3XXX	Total equity			71,814,294	41	72,563,437	45
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9					
	unrecognized contract commitments						
	Significant events after the balance sheet	11					
	date						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	173,918,731	100	\$ 159,633,009	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these parent company only financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

					Year	ended	Decembe			
				2023				2022		
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT		<u>%</u>		AMOUNT	_	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(23) and 7(2)	\$	60,226,061		100	\$	67,860,595		100
5000	Operating costs	6(8) and 7(2)	(57,769,828)	(96)	(65,067,250)	(96)
5950	Net operating margin			2,456,233		4		2,793,345		4
	Operating expenses	6(28)(29) and 7(2)								
6100	Selling expenses		(1,115,255)	(2)	(1,125,893)	(2)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(773,436)	(1)	(986,613)	(1)
6450	Impairment loss (Impairment gain and reversal of	12(2)								
	impairment loss) determined in accordance with									
	IFRS 9			2,093			(16,092)	_	
6000	Total operating expenses		(1,886,598)	(3)	(2,128,598)	(3)
6900	Operating profit			569,635		1		664,747	_	1
	Non-operating income and expenses									
7100	Interest income	6(24) and 7(2)		24,197		-		10,075		-
7010	Other income	6(25) and 7(2)		1,969,441		3		1,205,668		2
7020	Other gains and losses	6(26)		296,982		1	(6,846)		-
7050	Finance costs	6(27)	(1,264,159)	(2)	(643,928)	(1)
7070	Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates, and joint	6(9)								
	ventures accounted for using equity method			6,628,981		11		17,469,572		25
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses			7,655,442		13		18,034,541		26
7900	Profit before income tax			8,225,077		14		18,699,288		27
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	(935,782)	(2)	(2,950,464)	(4)
8200	Profit for the year		\$	7,289,295		12	\$	15,748,824		23
	Other comprehensive income									
	Components of other comprehensive income that									
	will not be reclassified to profit or loss									
8311	Gains on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	6(18)	\$	3,401		_	\$	29,861		_
8316	Unrealised gains from investments in equity	6(3)		-, -				- ,		
	instruments measured at fair value through other	*(*)								
	comprehensive income			1,258,478		2	(938,062)	(1)
8330	Share of other comprehensive income of			-,,		_	(,··-)	(-/
	subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures									
	accounted for using equity method, components of									
	other comprehensive income that will not be									
	reclassified to profit or loss		(2,203,256)	(4)	(2,023,514)	(3)
8349	Income tax related to components of other	6(30)					`	, , ,		,
	comprehensive income that will not be reclassified	,								
	to profit or loss		(680)		_	(5,972)		_
8310	Components of other comprehensive loss that		<u> </u>				`			
0510	will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(942,057)	(2)	(2,937,687)	(4)
	Components of other comprehensive income that				_			_,,,,,,,,,	`	
	will be reclassified to profit or loss									
8361	Financial statements translation differences of	6(22)								
0501	foreign operations	0(22)	(939,754)	(1)		4,733,411		7
8380	Share of other comprehensive income of		(757,751)	(1)		1,755,111		,
0500	subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures									
	accounted for using equity method, components of									
	other comprehensive income that will be									
	reclassified to profit or loss		(345,561)	(1)		136,572		_
8360	Components of other comprehensive (loss)			545,501)			-	130,372	_	
8300	income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(1,285,315)	(2)		4,869,983		7
9200			(\$	2,227,372)	_	4)	•	1,932,296	_	3
8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income				<u></u>		\$		_	
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year		\$	5,061,923		8	\$	17,681,120	_	26
	Earnings per share	6(31)								
9750	Basic earnings per share	~ <i>/</i>	\$			4.37	\$			9.44
	Diluted earnings per share	6(31)				,	-			
9850	Diluted earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	0(31)	¢			437	· ·			9.44
2020	Diffued carnings per share		φ			4.37	Ф			7.44

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

						Retained Earnings				Other equity interest							
Year ended December 31, 2022	Notes	Share capital - common stock		Capital surplus, additional paid-in capital		Legal reserve		Special reserve		Unappropriated retained earnings		Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations		Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income			Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$	16,679,470	\$	14,199,960	\$	9,673,477	\$	6,336,545	\$	24,968,224	(\$	10,641,478)	•	2,394,366	9	63,610,564
Profit		3	10,079,470	Ф	14,133,300	3	9,073,477	,	0,550,545	3	15,748,824	(3	10,041,476	J.	2,394,300	3	15,748,824
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(22)		-		-		-		-		29,679		4,869,983	(2,967,366)		1,932,296
Total comprehensive income (loss)	0(22)			-		-		-			15,778,503		4,869,983		2,967,366)	-	17,681,120
Appropriations of 2021 earnings	6(21)	-									13,776,303		4,009,903		2,907,300		17,001,120
Legal reserve	0(21)						1,695,196			(1,695,196)						
Special reserve			-		-		1,093,190		1,910,568	(1,910,568		-		-		-
Cash dividends			_						1,710,300	(8,339,735)					(8,339,735)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(20)		_		121,504		_		_	(1,110		_		_	(122,614
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired	6(32)		_		2,085		_		_		, ·		_		_		2,085
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends	6(20)		_		594		_		_		_		_		_		594
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method			-	(5,350)		-		_		-		304,434		-		299,084
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(20)		_	`	· -		_		-	(1,652)		· -		1,652		-
Effect of reorganisations			-	(812,889)		_		-	`	· - ′		-		´ -	(812,889)
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$	16,679,470	\$	13,505,904	\$	11,368,673	\$	8,247,113	\$	28,800,686	(\$	5,467,061	(\$	571,348)	\$	72,563,437
Year ended December 31, 2023			16.680.480	•	12.505.001		44.050.500	•	0.045.440	-	20,000,000	`		-		_	50.550.405
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$	16,679,470	\$	13,505,904	\$	11,368,673	\$	8,247,113	\$	28,800,686	(\$	5,467,061	(\$	571,348)	\$	72,563,437
Profit	6/88)		-		-		-		-		7,289,295	,	-	,	-	,	7,289,295
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(22)										1,203		1,285,315)		943,260)	(2,227,372)
Total comprehensive income (loss)											7,290,498	(1,285,315)	(943,260)		5,061,923
Appropriations of 2022 earnings	6(21)									,	4.555.50						
Legal reserve			-		-		1,577,796	,	2 200 704 \	(1,577,796)		-		-		-
Special reserve Cash dividends			-		-		-	(2,208,704)	,	2,208,704 5,837,814)		-		-	,	5,837,814)
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted	6(20)		-		-		-		-	(3,837,814)		-		-	(3,837,814)
for using equity method	0(20)		_		23,154		_		_		3,380		_		-		26,534
Capital surplus transferred from unclaimed dividends	6(20)		-		214		-		_		- /		-		-		214
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income by the subsidiary	6(20)		_		_		-		_	(380,659)		_		380,659		-
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$	16,679,470	\$	13,529,272	\$	12,946,469	\$	6,038,409	\$	30,506,999	(\$	6,752,376)	(\$	1,133,949)	\$	71,814,294

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these parent company only financial statements.

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended December 31								
	Notes		2023		2022						
CARLELONIC FROM OPERATING A CTIVITIES											
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Ф	0.225.077	Φ	10, 600, 200						
Profit before tax		\$	8,225,077	\$	18,699,288						
Adjustments											
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	6 (2 0)										
Depreciation charges on property, plant and	6(28)		45.120		52.045						
equipment	C(20)		45,138		53,047						
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	6(28)		48,872		50,643						
Amortization charges on intangible assets	6(28)		39,063		27,944						
Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of	12(2)										
impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS					4 4 4 4 4						
9		(2,093)		16,092						
Net loss (gain) on financial assets at fair value through	6(26)										
profit or loss		(46,160)		19,212						
Loss on decline in (gain on reversal of) market value	6(8)										
and obsolete and slow-moving inventories		(11,724)		32,571						
Interest expense	6(27)		1,264,159		643,928						
Interest income	6(24)	(24,197)	(10,075)						
Dividend income	6(25)	(228,870)	(212,941)						
Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint	6(9)										
ventures accounted for using equity method		(6,628,981)	(17,469,572)						
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(26)	(2,935)	(1,397)						
Changes in operating assets and liabilities											
Changes in operating assets											
Accounts and notes receivable			835,657	(3,492,573)						
Inventories		(2,524,191)	(917,836)						
Other receivables		(9,333,961)		401,400						
Prepayments			11,359	(33,162)						
Long-term notes and overdue receivables			855		1,710						
Changes in operating liabilities											
Notes and accounts payable			11,002,527	(891,727)						
Other payables			1,202,972		3,535						
Other current liabilities			81,942	(57,360)						
Accrued pension liabilities		(6,011)	Ì	128,171)						
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations		`	3,948,498	(3,265,444)						
Dividends received from investments accounted for			, ,		, , ,						
under equity method			1,359,910		582,335						
Interest paid		(1,264,159)	(643,928)						
Interest received			24,197		10,075						
Dividends received			228,870		212,941						
Income tax paid		(607,383)	(379,689)						
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities		\	3,689,933	<u>`</u>	3,483,710)						
The cash how hom (asea in) operating activities			5,007,755		5,105,710						

(Continued)

SYNNEX TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Year ended Do			Decemb	December 31	
	Notes		2023		2022	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Decrease in other receivables due from related parties	7(2)	(\$	74,123)	(\$	107,847)	
Increase in time deposits maturing over three months			1,050	(1,050)	
Increase in restricted time deposits			14,451	(72,567)	
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity	6(33)					
method		(11,963,644)	(3,393,392)	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(10)	(71,590)	(30,913)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			5,329		6,754	
Acquisition of intangible assets		(11,776)	(17,565)	
Decrease in refundable deposits		(301)		400	
Increase in other non-current assets		(6,404)	(2,282)	
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(12,107,008)	(3,618,462)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from issuing shares by subsidiaries for using	7(2)					
equity method		(99,000)		-	
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(34)		3,690,000		6,510,000	
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes and bills payable	6(34)		2,650,000	(7,550,000)	
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(34)		32,790,000		17,400,000	
Decrease in long-term borrowings	6(34)	(25,820,000)	(3,000,000)	
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6(34)		5,061	(540)	
Increase in other payables to related parties	7(2)		1,112,924		2,083,751	
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities	6(34)	(49,199)	(50,580)	
Payments of cash dividends	6(34)	(5,837,814)	()	8,339,735)	
Net cash flows from financing activities			8,441,972		7,052,896	
Effect of exchange rate changes		(4,891)		<u>-</u>	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			20,006	(49,276)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			711,178		760,454	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	731,184	\$	711,178	

Synnex Technology International Corp. 2023 Annual Surplus Distribution

Unit: NT\$

	-
(I) Unappropriated retained earnings at the	23,593,779,847
beginning of period	
(II) Add: Net Income of 2023	7,289,294,792
Minus: Adjustment in 2023 retained earnings	(376,075,338)
Minus: Legal Reserve (10%)	(691,321,945)
Minus: Special reserve	(1,847,916,165)
Earnings in 2023 available for distribution	4,373,981,344
Retained earnings available for distribution	
as of December 31, 2023	27,967,761,191
(III) Distributable Items:	
Cash Dividends (NT\$3.0 per share)	(5,003,840,904)
Total Distributions	(5,003,840,904)
(IV) Unappropriated retained earnings at the end	
of the period	22,963,920,287

Synnex Technology International Corp. Comparison Table of Amended Clauses of Articles of Incorporation

	T	
Amended provisions	Before amendment	Reasons for amendment
Article 21	Article 21	Amended in
consists of seven to <u>twelve</u> directors. The number of independent directors shall	The board of directors of the Company consists of seven to <u>ten</u> directors. The number of independent directors shall not be fewer than three.	accordance with actual requirements of the Company.
The election of directors shall be in	shall be adopt to the system for nomination of candidates in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act, and the shareholders shall elect from among the list of director candidates. The election of directors shall be in	
compliance with Article 198 of the Company Act. Independent and non-independent directors shall be elected at the same time, but the numbers of independent or non-independent directors to be elected shall be calculated separately. A candidate to whom the ballots cast represent a prevailing	Company Act. Independent and non-independent directors shall be elected at the same time, but the numbers of independent or non-independent directors to be elected shall be calculated separately. A candidate to whom the	
number of votes shall be deemed an independent or non-independent director elect.	independent or non-independent director elect.	
Article 41 The Articles of Incorporation were drafted and agreed upon by all founders on September 1, 1988. It officially takes effect after the approval of the competent authority; the same applies to any amendments. The 1st amendment was made on September 27, 1990. The 2nd amendment was made on June 18, 1991. The 3rd amendment was made on April 6, 1992. The 4th amendment was made on March 18, 1993. The 5th amendment was made on October 22, 1993. The 6th amendment was made on May 11, 1994. The 7th amendment was made on May 20, 1995. The 8th amendment was made on March 28, 1996. The 9th amendment was made on April 18, 1997. The 10th amendment was made on April 18, 1997. The 11th amendment was made on May 13, 1998. The 12th amendment was made on May 7, 1999. The 13th amendment was made on May 2, 2000. The 14th amendment	drafted and agreed upon by all founders on September 1, 1988. It officially takes effect after the approval of the competent authority; the same applies to any amendments. The 1st amendment was made on September 27, 1990. The 2nd amendment was made on June 18, 1991. The 3rd amendment was made on April 6, 1992. The 4th amendment was made on March 18, 1993. The 5th amendment was made on October 22, 1993. The 6th amendment was made on May 11, 1994. The 7th amendment was made on May 20, 1995. The 8th amendment was made on March 28, 1996. The 9th amendment was made on April 18, 1997. The 10th amendment was made on April 18, 1997. The 11th amendment was made on May 13, 1998. The 12th amendment was made on May 13, 1998. The 12th amendment was made on May 7, 1999. The 13th	Added number of amendments and amendment dates.

Amended provisions	Before amendment	Reasons for amendment
amendment was made on May 21, 2002. The 16th amendment was made on May 28, 2003. The 17th amendment was made on June 10, 2005. The 18th amendment was made on June 13, 2007. The 19th amendment was made on June 11, 2008. The 20th amendment was made on June 17, 2010. The 21st amendment was made on June 10, 2011. The 22nd amendment was made on June 13, 2012. The 23rd amendment was made on June 13, 2012. The 23rd amendment was made on June 12, 2015. The 25th amendment was made on June 12, 2015. The 25th amendment was made on June 8, 2016. The 26th amendment was made on June 6, 2019. The 29th amendment was made on June 6, 2019. The 29th amendment was made on June 12, 2020. The 30th amendment was made on May 30, 2022. The 31th amendment was made on May 31, 2024.	made on May 21, 2002. The 16th amendment was made on May 28, 2003. The 17th amendment was made on June 10, 2005. The 18th amendment was made on June 13, 2007. The 19th amendment was made on June 11, 2008. The 20th amendment was made on June 17, 2010. The 21st amendment was made on June 17, 2010. The 21st amendment was made on June 10, 2011. The 22nd amendment was made on June 13, 2012. The 23rd amendment was made on June 11, 2014. The 24th amendment was made on June 12, 2015. The 25th amendment was made on June 8, 2016. The 26th amendment was made on June 7, 2017. The 27th amendment was made on June 12, 2018. The 28th amendment was made on June 6, 2019. The 29th amendment was made on June 12, 2020. The 30th amendment was made	

Synnex Technology International Corp. Comparison Table of Amended Clauses of Procedure for Derivatives Trading

	Amended provisions	Before amendment	Reasons for amendment
Article 13	(Control Procedure for Derivatives Trading by Subsidiaries) 1. Each subsidiary shall also follow and implement the procedure for derivatives trading in accordance with the relevant provisions of Procedure for Derivatives Trading. 2. (Omitted)	the procedure for derivatives trading in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies. 2.(Omitted)	Amended in accordance with actual requirements of the Company.
Article 17	(Date of Amendment) This Procedure was amended on <u>31</u> <u>May 2024</u> .	(Date of Amendment) This Procedure was amended on <u>30</u> <u>May 2022</u> .	Added number of amendments and amendment dates.

Synnex Technology International Corp.

Comparison Table of Amended Clauses of Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meetings

	Amended provisions	Before amendment	Reasons for amendment
Article 2	shareholders' meetings) Unless otherwise specified by law,	(Convention and advising of shareholders' meetings) Unless otherwise specified by law, shareholders' meetings are convened by the board of directors.	Amendments made referencing the announcements made in the Taiwan Stock Exchange's letter Taiwan Stock Exchange Governance No. 1120004167 dated March 17, 2023.
	the Articles of Incorporation, shareholders' meetings of the	Unless otherwise specified by law or the Articles of Incorporation, shareholders' meetings of the Company are convened by the Board of Directors. (Omitted)	
Article 22	adoption by shareholders' meetings. The 1st amendment was made on May 13, 1998. The 2nd amendment was made on May 21, 2002. The 3rd amendment was made on June 12, 2015. The 4th amendment was made on June 12, 2020. The 5th amendment was made on July 20, 2021.	(Date of establishment and amendment) These Rules, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption by shareholders' meetings. The 1st amendment was made on May 13, 1998. The 2nd amendment was made on May 21, 2002. The 3rd amendment was made on June 12, 2015. The 4th amendment was made on June 12, 2020. The 5th amendment was made on July 20, 2021. The 6th amendment was on May 30, 2023.	

Synnex Technology International Corp. List of Director Candidates

					Name of	Has served
Nominee Category	Name	Education	Experience	Other current positions	government agency or legal person represented	for three
Director	Miau, Matthew Feng Chiang	 Honorary Doctorate, National Chiao Tung University MBA, Santa Clara University (USA) B.S., Electrical Engineering, the University of California at Berkeley (USA) ITRI Laureate 	 General Manger, UPC Technology Corp. General Manger, Lien Hwa Industrial Co., Ltd. Chairman, Synnex Corp. US Independent Director, Galileo Independent Director, BOC Independent Director, The Linde Group Corporate Consultant, APEC Representative, ABAC Convener, NICI civil advisory committee Director, TD SYNNEX Corporation Chairman, Chinese National Federationof Industries 	Chairman, Synnex Technology International Corp. Chairman, Lien Hwa Industrial Holdings Corp. Chairman, UPC Technology Corp. Chairman, MiTAC Holdings Corp. Chairman, MiTAC Holdings Corp. Chairman, MiTAC Inc. Director, Getac Holdings Corporation Independent Director, Cathay Financial Holdings Director, CTCI Foundation	Mei-Feng Investment Corporation	N/A
Director	Tu Shu-Wu	Honorary Doctoral Degree, National Chiao Tung University ITRI Laureate B.S., Department of Electrical andControl Engineering, National ChiaoTung University	General Manager, Micro Electronics Corp. Vice- General Manager, MiTAC Inc. Adjunct Professor, National Chiao TungUniversity	 Director & President, Synnex Technology International Corp. Chairman, Seper Technology Corp. Director, Bestcom Infotech Corp. Chairman, E-Fan Investments Corp. Director, Synergy Intelligent Logistics Corp. Director, Synergy Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. Supervisor, MiTAC Information Technology Corp. Supervisor, MiTAC Inc. Director, Tunghai University Director, Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd. 	None	N/A

	1			T	I	1
Nominee Category	Name	Education	Experience	Other current positions	Name of government agency or legal person represented	for three
				Commissioner, PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia		
Director	Chou The- Chien	PhD of engineering, Rutgers, TheState University of New Jersey	Investment Special Assistant to Chairman, MiTAC International Corp.	Director, Synnex Technology International Corp. Director, MiTAC Information Technology Corp. Director, Concentrix Corporation Director, Getac Holdings Corporation Director, Waffer Technology Corp. Supervisor, MiTAC Inc.	MiTAC Inc.	N/A
Director	Yang Hsiang- Yun	MBA, National Taiwan University	 Financial Special Assistant to Chairman, MiTAC International Corp. Chief Financial Officer, MiTAC International Corp. Corporate Governance Supervisor, MiTAC Holdings Corp. Vice-General Manager, Investment Department, MiTAC Inc. 	 Chairman, Lian-Yuan Investment Co., Ltd. Director, Ares International Corp. Director and Vice-General Manager, Investment Department, MiTAC Inc Director, Y.S. Education Foundation Chairman, Health Food Co., Ltd. 	Tsu Fung Investment Corp.	N/A
Director	Tu Shu- Chyuan	 Master of Computer Engineering from California State University B.S., Department of ComputerEngineering , National Chiao TungUniversity 	President, Planning Department of Synnex Technology International Corp.	 Director & Vice General Manager, Synnex Technology International Corp. Director, Digitimes Inc. Director, Seper Technology Corp. Chairman, Synergy Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd. Chairman, Bestcom Infotech Corp. Chairman, Bizwave Tech Co., Ltd. Director, Jetwell Computer Co., Ltd. Independent Director, Nuvoton Technology Corp. Director, Asgard System, Inc. Director, Inforcom Technology Inc. Director, Synnex (Thailand) Public Company Ltd. 	Hong Ding Investments Corp.	N/A

					1	
Nominee Category	Name	Education	Experience	Other current positions	Name of government agency or legal person represented	for three
				 Director, Redington Ltd. Director, Synnex FPT Joint Stock Company Commissioner, PT. Synnex Metrodata Indonesia 		
Director	Scott- Matthew Miau	Ph.D., Department of ManagementInformat ion Systems, College ofCommerce, National ChengchiUniversity	 Vice- General Manager, IoT Business Group, MiTAC Information Technology Corp. Special Assistant to Chairman, MiTAC SYNNEX Group 	 Chairman, Mei-Feng Investment Co., Ltd. Vice- General Manager, MiTAC Inc. Chairman, MiTAC Hikari Corporation Vice Chairman, Linde Lienhwa Industrial Gases Co. Ltd. Issuer, GLOBALinks MiTAC-SYNNEX Group 	Y.S. Education Foundation	N/A
Independent Director	Hsuan Chien- Shen	Ph.D. in Systems Engineering, New York Institute of Technology, USA Master's degree in System Engineering, Boston University, USA Bachelor's degree in ElectricalEngineering, National Cheng Kung University	 Project Manager, General Electric Vice President, Pepsi Taiwan Vice President, Sesoda Corporation Vice President, Pen Holdings Taiwan President of Overseas Operations, Admiral Oversea Corporation President, TPV Technology Group 	 Independent Director, Synnex Technology International Corp. Chairman and CEO, TPV Technology Co., Ltd. Director, Standard Foods Co., Ltd. Chairman, Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd. Chairman, Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd. Chairman, Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd. Chairman, Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd. Chairman, Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd. Chairman, Shanghai Le Bonta Wellness Co., Ltd. Chairman, Shanghai Le Bonta Wellness Co., Ltd. Chairman, Shanghai Xin-Huo-Li Health TechnologyCo, Ltd. 	N/A	No
Independent Director	Shen Ling-Long	Ph.D. in Economics, University ofParis, France	 Director, Department of Insurance, Ministry of Finance Chairman, Mega Asset Management Corp. Chairman, Chung Kuo Insurance Co., Ltd. Chairman, Taiwan Assetm Management Corporation Chairman, Taiwan 	Independent Director, Synnex Technology International Corp.	N/A	No

Nominee Category	Name	Education	Experience	Other current positions	Name of government agency or legal person represented	for three
Independent Director	Chung Hui-Min	Ph.D. in Economics, Michigan State University B.S. in Management Science, National Chiao Tung University	CooperativeFinancia I Holding Co., Ltd. and TaiwanCooperative Bank CEO, BioMed Executive MBA Program, NYCU Member of the Corporate Governance Evaluation Committee, Taiwan Stock Exchange	Dean, College of Management, National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University (NYCU) Professor, Department of Information Management and Finance, NYCU Director, Executive MBA Program, NYCU Member of Management Committee, Industry Academia Innovation School, NYCU	N/A	No
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